

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

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NUMBER 51.

The Difference

Between Clothing that is Right, and Clothing that is Not Right.

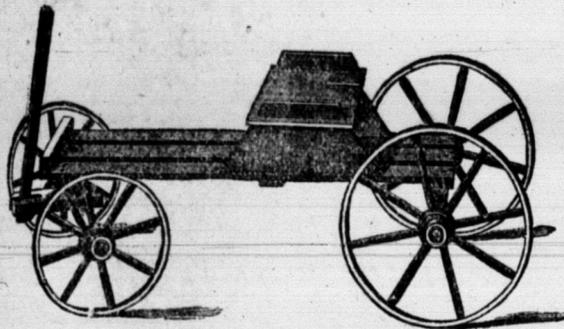


Which Do You Want?

There is an elegant and dressy quality about our clothing that can't be found everywhere. In selecting stock we consider how goods are made up.

If there was better clothing we should have it. Remember prices reduced from 25 to 33 1-3 per cent on suits that you could not duplicate at our regular prices.

Something for the Little Folks.



A Wagon Like This Given With Every Suit

Sold during this month. Bring your mamma here, where you can get a good suit cheap, and we will give you a wagon.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

Remember we have Standard Patterns. They are giving the best of satisfaction. Try them.

A FEW HAMMOCKS

At Reduced Prices to Close.

Also a full line of Granite Iron Ware at lower prices than ever before.

FURNITURE

At Bottom Prices all This Month.

W. J. KNAPP.

CHRIS. BAGGE,

Successor to Welch & Co.

Having purchased the Meat Business of Welch & Co., I shall endeavor to run a first-class market in every respect, and respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

CHRIS. BAGGE,

McKune Building, Chelsea, Mich.

Cheap Ice Cream

That is no story, "nit."

Cheap ice cream that is dear at any price, is better than ice cream advertised to be all sweet cream, with gelatine or gold flake in to take the place of sweet cream.

When in Chelsea call on

E. L. ALEXANDER

And get the best. Cheapest in price but Best in Quality.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 5 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1893.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

A Good Opportunity.

The German Workingmen's Benevolent Society of this place offers the following rates of insurance, which were adopted at a general meeting held on Monday, Aug. 10, 1896: All young men from 18 to 21 years of age can become members of the society by paying \$2 fee of admission; \$1 payable at the time their names are presented to the society for admission, and \$1 one month after their admission. The benefit is \$4 per week in case of sickness, and \$100, payable to their parents or nearest relatives, in case of death. If the young man has no parents or relatives alive, the society will pay expenses out of the above sum of insurance money. When the young man has reached the age of twenty-one he will become a member of the Allgemeine Arbeiter Bund of the state of Michigan, with all its benefits, without paying any additional fee of admission. Men from 21 to 30 years will be admitted for the sum of \$3. The benefit is \$4 per week in case of sickness, and \$624 in case of death. The latter sum will be paid to the surviving widow, or children, or nearest relative. Any married member will, in case of his wife's death, receive the sum of \$100. The society will in all cases pay the examination fee.

Michigan Crop Report.

LANSING, Aug. 8.—The average yield of wheat per acre, as estimated by correspondents this month, is for the state 10.69 bushels; southern counties, 10.07 bushels; central counties, 12.74 bushels, and northern counties, 14.47 bushels. The acres as shown by supervisors' returns are: State, 1,490,000; southern counties, 1,187,000; central counties, 239,000; northern counties and upper peninsula, 64,000. These figures indicate a total yield of about 15,900,000 bushels. The supervisors' returns are not yet all in, hence the figures showing acres are not final, but they will not be materially changed.

The heavy rains since harvest, causing growth in stack, have done much damage to wheat in the southern counties. Complaint of damage from this cause is quite general. In answer to the question as to the quality of wheat, 53 correspondents in the southern counties answer "good," 228 "average," and 158 "bad;" in the central counties 83 answer "good," 57 "average," and 21 "bad;" and in the northern 51 answer "good," and 16 "bad."

The number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in July is 580,622, as compared with 487,804 reported marketed in July, 1895, and the amount marketed in the twelve months, August-July, is 9,250,104 bushels, as compared with 11,007,604 bushels in the same months last year.

It is seldom that any crop is reported in better condition than is corn at the present time. The average of estimates for the southern counties is 104; central, 96; northern, 97; state, 101.

Oats are estimated to yield 31 bushels per acre in the state. This crop has been considerably damaged in the fields, in the southern counties, by the heavy rains. Cutting has been delayed, and where cut the crop has been damaged in the shock.

The average condition of potatoes is 92. In the southern counties it is 95, central 86, and northern counties and upper peninsula 89.

The average condition of beans is 95. In the southern counties it is 97, central 93, northern 89.

The yield per acre of clover and timothy hay is estimated at 73 per cent of yield in average years. Compared with vitality and growth of average years the condition of meadows and pastures is, in the state, 82, and of clover sowed this year, 83.

The apple crop promises to be heavy throughout the state. The figures for the state are 112 per cent, southern counties 116 per cent, central 110 per cent, and northern 97 per cent of an average crop.

WASHINGTON GARDNER
Secretary of State.

Snellen's Aural Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsbains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

The Thermometer

Stands pretty high these days, but that is no indication that our prices are high.

On The Contrary.

If you will call on us you will find we are giving more goods for a dollar than any store in Chelsea.

Ask for a sample of our

NEW JAPAN TEA.

Full cream cheese 10 cents pound
Electric kerosine oil 9 cents gal.
19 pounds gran. sugar for \$1.00.
8 pounds whole, clean rice for 25c
7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.
6 pounds English currents for 25c
Good tea dust 8c per pound.
Garden seeds of all descriptions
3 pounds fresh prunes for 25c
Strongest ammonia 4 cents per pint.
Good sugar corn 5 cents per can.
Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can

New Banquet Lamps, Silverware, Jewelry.

We are closing out a large assortment of Wall Paper Remnants.

FRUIT JARS.

We guarantee all our jars to be first-class in every respect. Extra heavy caps and rubbers.

12 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.
10 bars good soap for 25 cents.
7 cans sardines for 25 cents.
5 pounds best crackers for 25c.
Poultry powder 15c per package.
Choice apricots 10c per pound.
Large choice lemons.
Try our 25c N. O. molasses.
8 pound pails white fish for 35c.
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.
A first-class lantern for 29c.
Good Machine Oil 25c per gallon.
23 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.
Best Herring 12c per box.

Glazier & Stimson

We Are Making Some Special Prices

On Granite Preserving Kettles, Pails, Wash Dishes, Pie Plates, Hammocks, Baby Carriages, Fruit Jars, Glassware, Crockery, etc.

HOAG & HOLMES

See our Lawn Chairs and Monarch Bicycles.

We Can't Help Keeping Ahead.

We satisfy the people. That's what tells the tale. Whatever you want to buy, buy it of the leaders in the business—men who have the facilities and low prices. Compare quality with quality, price with price, and you will be convinced that the place to buy your bread, cakes and confectionery is Neckel Bros. Our Ice Cream speaks for itself as to what is in it. Compare it with any made in Chelsea, and you will have no other.

Bread, 2 Loaves for 5 Cents.

NECKEL BROS.

For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.
W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

FRANK SHAYER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

Trains collided at Birkbeck, Ill., and William Baker and Charles Birchnaugh were killed and ten other persons were injured. The Moore Bros., dealers in Diamond Match and New York Biscuit stocks in the Chicago stock exchange, failed, the speculative value involved in the disaster being \$20,000,000. During the recent hot spell in St. Louis there were 135 cases of sunstroke, 18 of which were fatal. Robert Parker, of Bookshire, Tex., killed his wife in a quarrel over property and then took his own life. The wool commission firm of W. D. Eaton & Co., of Boston, failed for \$240,000. Baron & Newman, manufacturers of knit goods in Brooklyn, N. Y., failed for \$100,000. A passenger train on the Santa Fe road was wrecked near Bosworth, Mo., and nine persons were injured. The village of Gladis, Mich., was wiped out by a forest fire and scores of farmers in the vicinity also lost all their property. Secretary Carlisle paid out \$5,000,000 in bounties to manufacturers of sugar under the bounty act recently sustained by the supreme court. All the roiling mills at Niles, Mich., resumed work, giving employment to about 2,000 men. John McLeod, John Ryan and Joseph St. Pierre were killed and a brother of the last named fatally injured by a premature discharge of dynamite near Whitney, Ont. In refusing to grant naturalization papers in Washington to two young Italians Judge Cole held that no one who is in ignorance of the constitution of the United States is competent or entitled to become admitted to citizenship. Duncan & Bergin, lumber dealers at Columbus, O., failed for \$200,000. Hiram Weightman (colored) was lynched by a mob in Franklin, La., for criminally assaulting and then murdering Mrs. Bertha Gilbert, a young white woman, wife of a farmer. More rioting took place at the Brown hoisting works in Cleveland, O., and the militia were compelled to fire upon the mob. Reports as to the conditions of the crops throughout the country say they are in excellent condition. The wool clip in Montana this season is 8,100,000 pounds, the largest on record there. Frances Thurman, aged 34 years, professionally known as "Mlle. Zoe," was drowned at Curtis Bay, near Baltimore, while performing an aerial feat. Fifty persons were overcome by the heat in Chicago and one case proved fatal, that of J. B. Lapham, a leather dealer, aged 73 years. William Murray died at Richmond, Va., from being overcome with the heat. He was, in 1879, the champion amateur oarsman of the United States. The entire business portion of Concord, Tenn., was destroyed by fire. During a thunderstorm in Omaha, Neb., Mrs. Zykora, Fred Moyer and Leroy Carter were killed by lightning. Eddie Hurd, aged two years, had his head bitten off by a lion at a show in Chillicothe, O. John Glass, of Buffalo, N. Y., holder of the world's record for dressing a steer, cut down the record from 5 minutes 58 seconds to 4 minutes 44 1/2 seconds. The American national bank at New Orleans closed its doors. C. H. Fargo & Co., wholesale dealers in and manufacturers of boots and shoes in Chicago failed with liabilities of \$225,000 and assets of \$500,000. A cyclone struck Swayzee, Ind., where a fair was in progress, and two men were killed and several injured. The Park theater, Trugby's museum, and other buildings were destroyed by fire at Niagara Falls, N. Y., and seven persons were burned to death. The property loss is \$250,000. George W. Hankins, once the king of Chicago gamblers, and lately interested in horse racing, made an assignment and turned over property valued at \$1,500,000 to settle his debts. In Missouri Conkling Bros. banking house at Nevada and the banks at Bronaugh and Richards were all closed by the sheriff. The Christian brothers' outlaw gang raided the town of Cummings, O. T., and killed the family of Rev. T. C. Raymond, consisting of his wife and three daughters. Boyd, Parley & Co., carpet dealers in Philadelphia, failed for \$250,000. At the races in Columbus, O., Robert J. paced the fourth and deciding heat of the free-for-all pace in 2:02 3/4, which is the fastest fourth heat ever paced. By a decision handed down by Judge Adams, chief justice of the supreme court of the Creek nation in Oklahoma, the names of over 1,700 negroes are stricken from the rolls of citizenship of the nation. There were 269 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 7th, against 281 the week previous and 209 in the corresponding period of 1895.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 7th aggregated \$911,997,784, against \$811,433,203 the previous week. The decrease compared with the corresponding week in 1895 is 6.4. The Lake county bank at East Chicago, Ind., suspended payment. Charles Thiede was hanged at Salt Lake City for murdering his wife April 30, 1894, and Claud Hoover was executed at Omaha, Neb., for killing Samuel Dubois, his brother-in-law. Robert Hopper and Mattie Johnson were murdered and robbed by five negroes near Harrodsburg, Ky. At a church social and picnic in Fort Scott, Kan., over 75 persons were poisoned by eating ice cream and several would die. A cloudburst at Bolivar, O., flooded the village and did great damage. At Nashville, Ill., Thomas J. Rogers, aged 64, killed his aged wife by cutting her throat and then killed himself. No cause is known. The works of the Trenton (N. J.) Fire Clay and Porcelain company were burned, the loss being \$150,000, and Charles Woods, a fireman, was killed by falling walls. Willie Auxler and Joe Enright, both ten years old, were drowned in the river at Atlantic, Ia., while bathing. The entire family of James Pitt, seven in number, were struck by lightning near Riverview, a Chicago suburb, and three were fatally injured. The Ingham county savings bank at Lansing, Mich., closed its doors with liabilities of \$144,000. Six men lost their lives in a freight wreck on the Rock Island road near Leighton, Ia. The Delta Lumber company at Detroit, Mich., filed mortgages aggregating \$500,000 to protect creditors. Intense heat prevailed throughout the country and many deaths from sunstrokes were reported in Chicago, St. Louis, New York and other places. John R. Gentry, the pacing stallion who holds the world's record, reduced that record on the track at Columbus, O., from 2:03 1/2 to 2:03 3/4.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The Minnesota democrats in convention at Minneapolis decided to fuse with the populists and nominated John Lind for governor, J. J. Heinrichs for secretary of state and Alexander McKinnon for treasurer, leaving the lieutenant governorship and the attorney generalship to be filled in by the populists. The democrats also named four presidential electors. The populists will name the remaining electors. The "sound money" democrats of Iowa met in Des Moines and registered a protest against the platform and candidates of the Chicago convention. Congressional nominations were made as follows: Illinois, Thirteenth district, Frank Palmer (pop.); Nineteenth, J. J. Sewall (pop.). Iowa, Sixth district, John F. Lacey (rep.) renominated. Indiana, Eighth district, J. R. Brunt (dem.); Thirteenth, Charles Kellison (dem.); Texas, Tenth district, Noah Allen (rep.); Eleventh, J. P. Gross (rep.). West Virginia, First district, T. M. Stone (pop.). Lon V. Stevens, of Cooper, was nominated for governor by the democratic state convention at Jefferson City, Mo. All gold standard men were stricken from the state committee and a declaration for free silver was made. At the state convention in Concord, N. H., of the national party George W. Parnard, of Claremont, was nominated for governor and Dr. W. C. Coolidge and Rev. A. N. Drury were named for congressmen. The prohibitionists of New Hampshire in state convention at Concord nominated J. C. Berry, of Plymouth, for governor. The populist state convention at Hastings, Neb., renominated Gov. Holcomb and endorsed the nomination of Bryan for president. The socialist-labor party of Indiana met in Indianapolis and nominated the following ticket: Governor, Phil H. Moore, Indianapolis; lieutenant governor, Harry Sharpe, Indianapolis; secretary of state, Fred Adams, Fontanet; treasurer, F. Helbich, Evansville. The populist state convention at Abilene, Kan., nominated State Senator Leedy for governor. The populists in convention at Parkersburg, W. Va., nominated Isaac C. Ralphsnyder for governor, and decided to fuse with the democrats. The republicans of Michigan in convention at Grand Rapids adopted a platform which indorses the platform of the national republican convention of 1896 and adjourned for the day without nominating state officers. Wisconsin republicans met at Milwaukee and adopted a platform indorsing the acts of the national convention in St. Louis and then, after receiving several nominations for governor, adjourned for the day. George T. Anthony, who was governor of Kansas from 1877 to 1879, died at his home in Topeka. The Michigan republicans in convention at Grand Rapids nominated the following ticket: For governor, Hazen S. Pingree; lieutenant governor, Thomas B. Dunstan; secretary of state, Rev. Washington Gardner; treasurer, George A. Steele; auditor-general, Roscoe D. Dix; attorney-general, Fred A. Maynard; superintendent of land office, W. A. French; superintendent of public instruction, J. E. Hammond. Aunt Nancy Frisowthe (colored) died in Wichita, Kan., aged 104 years.

In Milwaukee the Wisconsin republicans held the following nominations: For governor, Edward J. Wolford; lieutenant governor, Emil Baensch; secretary of state, Henry Casson; treasurer, Sewell A. Peterson; attorney-general, William H. Mylrea; state superintendent, John Q. Emery; railroad commissioner, Duane J. McKenzie; insurance commissioner, William A. Fricke. Texas populists in convention at Galveston nominated Jerome Kearby, of Dallas, for governor, and indorsed the nomination of Bryan and Watson for president and vice president. M. D. Frank, of Portland, was nominated for governor of Maine at the state democratic convention at Waterville. Judge Samuel W. Shellabarger, one of the most prominent members of the bar in Washington and a member of congress in war times, died at the age of 78 years. The prohibitionists of the Twentieth district of Illinois nominated Capt. A. R. Langworth, of McLeansboro, for congress, and in the same district the populists nominated J. C. Tanguary. Thirty-six states were represented at a meeting in Indianapolis of democrats who do not indorse the platform and ticket of the Chicago convention and a call was issued for a national convention to be held in Indianapolis on Wednesday, September 2, for the purpose of adopting a declaration of principles and nominating candidates for president and vice president. Senator John M. Palmer, of Illinois, was made chairman of the national committee. The Georgia populists in convention at Atlanta nominated S. A. Wright, of Rome, for governor, and indorsed the St. Louis platform.

FOREIGN.

Insurgents have burned the plantation of San Joaquin, at Ibanose, in Matanzas, causing a damage estimated at \$400,000. Forty miners were entombed in the Brineoch pit near Neath, Wales, by an explosion. The arctic expedition headed by Sir Martin Conway and his nephew has accomplished the first crossing of Spitzbergen from east to west. In Montreal Robert Forsyth, marble dealer and granite paving block manufacturer, failed for \$100,000, and Dupuis Freeres, retail dry goods merchant, failed for \$130,000. Foreign consuls and missionaries in Armenia estimate that fully 1,000,000 deaths have occurred in that country as the result of massacres and from starvation. The town of El Rama, Nicaragua, was nearly wiped out by a freshet and the plantations in the vicinity were all destroyed, the loss being estimated at over \$1,000,000. Prince Hohenlohe, the imperial chancellor of Germany, has resigned. The rowboat Fox, from New York June 6, with the two sailors, Frank Samuelson and George Harbo, on board, arrived at Havre, France.

LATER.

The "sound money" democrats of Maine who marched out of the state convention at Waterville held a convention of their own and nominated William Henry Clifford, of Portland, for governor. Forest fires at Trinity, N. F., destroyed 14 houses, the occupants losing everything. Every town along the Great Northern railroad in North Dakota from Crary to Larimore was damaged by a storm, the loss to crops alone being immense. Four men were drowned near Benton Harbor, Mich., while bathing. Five persons were killed and 15 injured, some fatally, by the derailment of a trolley car just outside the town limits of Columbia, Pa. Garland Travis and Will Way were drowned in the Kankakee river at La Porte, Ind. The Long Island bank, the oldest financial institution in Brooklyn, N. Y., will wind up its career, the directors having decided to go out of business. Lorenzo Saladino, Becino Sorocoro and Angelo Marcuso were lynched by a mob at Hahnville, La., for murder. Intense heat still prevails throughout the entire country, the deaths from its effects in various cities on the 9th aggregating 161. Reuben Noble, one of the most noted lawyers and jurists of Iowa, died at his home in McGregor, aged 75 years. Harvey Allender shot and killed Mrs. Wally Fielner and V. Crosette in San Jose, Cal., and then attempted to kill himself, but failed. Jealousy was the cause. Alonzo J. Edgerton, who succeeded Senator Windom, of Minnesota, in the United States senate, died at his home in Sioux Falls, S. D., where he had resided since 1889. At the first meeting in Indianapolis of the national executive committee of the "sound money" democracy W. D. Byrum, of Indiana, was elected chairman and John R. Wilson, of Indianapolis, secretary. The populists of the Seventh Kansas district nominated Jerry Simpson for congress. The percentage of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 9th is as follows: Baltimore, .693; Cincinnati, .691; Cleveland, .640; Chicago, .583; Pittsburgh, .556; Boston, .539; Brooklyn, .461; Philadelphia, .449; New York, .411; Washington, .402; St. Louis, .308; Louisville,

GOLD DEMOCRATS.

They Issue a Call for Another National Convention.

A Third Ticket Will Be Named in Indianapolis - Date of Meeting is Wednesday, September 2 - Text of the Call.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 8.—The provisional committee of those democrats not indorsing the Chicago platform and ticket held a session here Friday, a permanent organization was effected and a call was issued for a national convention to be held in this city Wednesday, September 2, for the purpose of adopting a declaration of principles and nominating candidates for president and vice president. The provisional committee was merged into a national committee, and Senator John M. Palmer, of Illinois, was made permanent chairman. Mr. Outhwaite, chairman of the subcommittee, then presented the call for the convention, as follows:

The Call. "To the democrats of the United States: A political party has always been defined to be an association of voters to promote the success of political principles held in common. The democratic party, during its whole history, has been pledged to promote the liberty of the individual, the security of private rights and property and the supremacy of the law. It has always insisted upon a safe and stable money for the people's use. It has insisted upon the maintenance of the financial honor of the nation, as well as upon the preservation of the institutions established by the constitution. These, its principles, were abandoned by the supposed representatives of a party at a national convention recently assembled at Chicago.

Party Would Cease to Exist. "The democratic party will, therefore cease to exist unless it be preserved by the voluntary action of such of its members as still adhere to its fundamental principles. No majority of members of that convention, however large, had any right or power to surrender those principles. When they undertook to do so, that assemblage ceased to be a democratic convention. The action taken, the irregular proceedings, and the platform enunciated by that body were, and are, so utterly and indefensibly revolutionary, and constitute such radical departures from the principles of true democracy, which should characterize a sound and patriotic administration of our country's affairs, that its results are not entitled to the confidence or support of true democrats. For the first time since national parties were formed there is not before the American people a platform declaring the principles of the democratic party as recognized and most courageously and consistently administered by Jefferson, Jackson and Cleveland, nor are there nominees for the offices of president and vice president of the United States pledged to carry those principles into practical effect. The faithful and true democrats of the United States are determined that their principles shall not be ruthlessly surrendered, nor the people be deprived of an opportunity to vote for candidates in accord therewith.

To Meet September 2. "Therefore the national democratic party of the United States, through its regularly constituted committee, hereby calls a national convention of that party, for the announcement of its platform and the nomination of candidates for the offices of president and vice president of the United States and the transaction of such business as is incidental thereto, to be held at Indianapolis on Wednesday, the second day of September, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon, and hereby requests that the members of the party in the several states who believe in sound money and the preservation of law and order, and who are unalterably opposed to the platform adopted and candidates nominated at Chicago, will select in such manner as to them shall seem best, a number of delegates to the same, equal to twice the number of electoral votes to which such states are respectively entitled. Such delegates shall be duly accredited, according to the usages of the democratic party. Their credentials shall be forwarded or delivered to the secretary of this committee with all convenient speed and this committee will make up and announce the roll of the delegates entitled to participate in the preliminary organization of the convention."

The Executive Committee. At 12 o'clock Friday night Chairman Palmer announced his executive committee as follows: W. D. Byrum, Indianapolis, Ind.; W. B. Haldeman, Louisville, Ky.; Frederick Lehman, St. Louis, Mo.; John E. Hopkins, Chicago, Ill.; Ellis B. Usher, La Crosse, Wis.; F. M. W. Cutcheon, St. Paul, Minn.; Samuel H. Holding, Cleveland, O.; Charles Tracy, New York. The headquarters of the committee will be established in Indianapolis, at least until after the convention.

ARE EXPOSED.

Western Railroads Shown to Be in a Pool. Chicago, Aug. 8.—A railroad pool of gigantic proportions was uncovered before the interstate commerce commission Friday morning, when President A. B. Stickley, of the Chicago Great Western railroad, testified that strenuous efforts had been made by competing companies to coerce him into living up to what is known as the Union League club agreement. This makes it incumbent upon all western roads touching the same points to equalize the amount of freight offered for transportation, so that one road will do as much business as the other. Mr. Stickley further showed that the western roads had compelled the farmers to pay a rate of 13 cents on a 200-mile haul, and then had carried the same grain twice as far for the dealers at a six-cent rate. "I tell you," continued Mr. Stickley, "it is this sort of thing which is making anarchists of the western farmers!"

Pays the Sugar Bounty.

Washington, Aug. 4.—The treasury began Monday sending out checks in payment of the \$5,000,000 sugar bounty appropriated by congress and held by Comptroller Bowler.

THE WORLD'S RAILS.

Burma's whole system of state railroads, 1,000 miles in length, has been bought up by a syndicate for \$30,000,000. It is a noteworthy fact that the locomotive engines which drew the train and the imperial party to Moscow for the coronation were of American manufacture.

One of the English roads that run between London and Edinburgh advertising "magnificent new corridor trains" which are about on a par with the average American ordinary passenger car with the aisles down the center. Tashkend will be connected with Orenburg by rail as soon as possible. The Russian government having at last selected the Orenburg route as the one that shall connect the Siberia railroad with the Trans-Caspian and Samarkand line.

There were 307,420,362 passengers carried on the railways of the United States during the year covered by the report of the interstate commerce commission just issued. That equals almost seven railroad rides for every man, woman and child in the whole country.

The Pennsylvania railroad is the highest taxpayer in the city of Philadelphia. The taxes for that company's property in that city for 1896 are \$261,925.43. This represents a valuation of about \$20,000,000 on the real estate in that city owned by the company.

Best of All To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Spring comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. One bottle will answer for all the family and costs only 50 cents; the large size \$1. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, and for sale by all druggists.

WHAT is the baby's name? Indeed we haven't one selected. We're waiting till November comes. To see which man's selected. —Washington Star.

VERY low rates will be made by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway for excursions of August 18th, September 1st, 15th and 29th, to the south, for Home-seekers and Harvesters. For particulars apply to the nearest local Agent, or address JAMES B. KEEL, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

A NATURAL manner was her aim. Sincere and simple, and all that. She failed, but she was not to blame. For she resided in A flat! —Life.

"THERE is no such thing as perfection in this world," said the philosopher. "Right" asserted the colonel. "Even whisky has to be high 50 percent watah." —Indianapolis Journal.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kilo's Great Nerve Res. Free \$3 trial bottle & treatise. DR. KILN, 163 Arch St. Phila., Pa.

NON-COMMITAL - Possible Sultor - "Are you musical, miss?" Elderly Maiden (hesitatingly) - "Would that be agreeable to you?" —Flegende Blaetter.

IOWA FARMS for sale on crop payments, 10 per cent cash, balance in crop yearly, until paid for. J. MULLALL, Waukegan, Ill.

JOHNNIE CHAFFER - "Come, Mammie, let us play Adam and Eve." Mammie - "How will we play it?" - "You tempt me with an apple and I'll eat it." —Texas Sifter.

FLANNEL next to the skin often produces a rash, removable with Gien's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

Cures

Talk in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla as far as other medicine. It has the greatest record of cures of any medicine in the world. In fact,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. \$1. Hood's Pills cure sick headache, indigestion.

WHITMAN'S BALING PRESSES.

Always Victorious. A Full Line, Buy the BEST. Send for Circulars. Warranted Superior to any in use. The Largest Hay Press Factory in America. WHITMAN AGRICULTURAL CO., St. Louis, Mo.

EDUCATIONAL.

1841 ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, 1850 FORDHAM, N. Y. CITY. JESUIT FATHERS. UNIVERSITY SCIENTIFIC, CLASSICAL AND PRACTICAL COURSES. MILITARY DRILL BY A. O. FRENCH. GERMAN LIBRARY. READING ROOMS AND GYMNASIA. Five separate buildings. R. R. Trains at Gate. For information address "THE PRESIDENT."

CHICAGO COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY

Dental Department of Lake Forest University. Next Session opens October 1, 1896. Facilities for instruction unsurpassed. For information address DR. THOMAS W. BROPHY, Deans, 126 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

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FRANKLIN COLLEGE, New Athens, O. First cost, \$10 a yr., and a way to earn it. Catalogue free.

The noted Greek scholar, Prof. T. T. Timonias, who holds the chair of that language at Harvard university, is tall and broad, shouldered, dark as to hair and eyes, and wears a short, stubby black beard. He believes Greek will always hold its own in the educational system, both for culture and mental discipline.

GEN. CASSIUS M. CLAY has been conspicuous since 1855 of what he holds to be the oldest flock of South-down sheep in the world under one management. He imported the first of it in that year and has not since brought over any ewes, but has improved the stock by rams. The carcasses average 120 pounds and the fleeces seven pounds.

The bread known as "pain de guerre," which for some time past has replaced the once-notorious biscuits of the French army, has been successful enough to warrant its trial in the navy. The bread in question is practically what is known as whole-meal bread, but rendered rather lighter and more palatable when stale by finer grinding.

A prominent New York dentist says that the mouth should never be rinsed after using tooth powder. The chalk in the powder is a slow antacid; bicarbonate of soda is a quick antacid. The object of the powder, besides that of scouring, is to find its way into cavities between the teeth, and, by killing the acids, prevent the decomposition of food, which destroys the tooth tissues.

The late George Augustus Sala in his early days was most impetuous. At some festive gathering where Mr. Sala was present, Mr. Attenborough, the famous pawnbroker, was also a guest. They recognized each other and shook hands. "How do you do, Mr. Attenborough?" said the journalist. "We have often met before, but I think this is the first time that I have ever seen your legs."

THREE hundred bicycle riders recently attended an Anglican church in the diocese of Toronto, Can., the rector preaching a special sermon to them. A silver-plated bicycle covered with flowers was one of the special decorations of the chancel, which a church paper denounced as "a most monstrous, irrelevant and distracting intrusion into the house of God's presence."

ONE of the most artistic houses in London is the Alma-Tadema home. It is like an Aladdin lamp fairy tale realized. Each room is a gem, and the drawingroom has the noble gothic arch above. The colors are all soft, and the light is subdued and mellow, entering like the moonlight. The ladies wear artistic gowns, without a hint of "stays"—gowns that so many would like to wear and dare not.

A NEW soporific, to which the name pellotin has been given, has been discovered in a Mexican cactus called analonium. The native Mexicans eat slices of this plant, which they call "pellote." Its hypnotic alkaloid has been separated by Dr. Hefter, of Leipzig. One grain of pellotin is equal in its effects to 15 1/2 grains of trional, and to 21 grains of hydrate of chloral. In large doses pellotin is found to be effective in quieting victims of delirium tremens.

It is a very remarkable fact that the greatest and best cooks have always been men. Cooking is supposed to be essentially the province of women, but all the big posts of the cooking world are held by men, and of these the French and Swiss are most expert. Few women possess the initiatory power of conceiving new dishes, or of exercising the startling originality in the kitchen that they use with such marvellous results in the dressmaker's or milliner's workroom.

THE ups and downs of operative life are illustrated by the fact that Sir Augustus Harris lost \$80,000 on his first season with the De Reszkes, but won it all back the second, while during a subsequent season, on a turnover of \$600,000, the receipts just balanced the expenses. The London Daily News believes that the death of Sir Augustus may expedite matters, as he would have probably retired after next season, in consequence of Jean de Reszke's determination to give up the stage and settle down with his future bride on his Polish estate.

SPAIN is waking up to the necessity of reforesting her mountains. The little king recently went to a village a few miles east of Madrid and planted a pine sapling, after which 2,000 children, selected from the Madrid schools, each planted a tree. Medals were distributed among them, with the inscription, "First Arbor Day, instituted in the reign of Alfonso XIII., 1896." Similar festivals are to be held yearly in different places, and the children are to be taken out to see how their trees grow, in the hope that they will foster tree planting in their districts.

ACCOMPLISHED GIRLS.

- A girl should learn to make a bed, To bake good biscuit, cake and bread; To handle deftly brush and broom, And neatly tidy up a room. A girl should learn to darn and mend, To care for sick, the baby tend; To have enough of style and taste To trim a hat or fit a waist. A girl should learn to value time, A picture hang, a ladder climb, And not to almost raise the house At sight of a little harmless mouse. A girl should learn to dress with speed, And hold tight lacing against her creed; To buy her shoes to fit her feet; In fact, above all vain deceit. A girl should learn to keep her word, To spread no farther gossip heard, Home or abroad to be at ease, And try her best to cheer and please. A girl should learn to sympathize, To be reliant, strong and wise; To ever patient, gentle be, And always truly womanly. A girl should learn to fondly hold True worth of value more than gold; Accomplished thus with tender men, Reign, crowned with love, home's cherished queen.

-N. O. Picayune.

MR. MEEK'S DINNER.

"I wonder, James," said Mrs. Meek, doubtfully, to her husband one morning, "if you could get your own dinner to-night. You see, I have had to let the servant go on her holidays for a day or two, and they want me desperately at the Woman's Aid and Relief bazar, to help them with their high tea from 4:30 to 8:30. If you thought you could manage by yourself—"

"I'll try to survive it," observed Mr. Meek, good-naturedly. "I don't fancy it will prove fatal."

"I'll get a roast and cook it this morning, then," went on Mrs. Meek, cheerfully, "and you can have it cold for dinner."

"Thank you," replied Mr. Meek, "you will do nothing of the kind. I fancy I haven't gone camping pretty much every year of my life for nothing. I suspect I can manage a hot dinner about as well as most women."

Mrs. Meek had her doubts, and, unlike most wives, expressed them. Mr. Meek viewed his wife's doubts with supreme contempt, and, unlike most husbands, expressed it.

This it finally resulted that Mrs. Meek abandoned all idea of preparing Mr. Meek's dinner for him, and betook herself to the bazar. So it resulted, furthermore, that Mr. Meek left his office about four o'clock that afternoon, and proceeded to collect, on his way home, the necessary supplies for a dainty little dinner.

An alluring display of chickens were the first thing to catch his eye, and he was just on the point of securing one of them, when, by good luck, or, more probably, through the natural sagacity of the man, he recollected that—well, that you don't, as a rule, cook chickens as they are. In the momentary reaction that followed this feat of memory, he bought a couple of mutton chops and three tomatoes.

"I'll have a good, plain, old-fashioned English dinner," thought he, as he hurried past the deceitful chickens, with something almost akin to reproach. "None of your finiky, poultry dinners for me!"

"By jove!" he exclaimed a moment later. "I'll have an apple pudding and some oyster soup to begin on."

He was so tickled with this idea that he promptly rushed into a grocery shop and purchased half a peck of their best eating apples, and then hurried home without a thought of the cab he was to order for his wife at 8.30 sharp.

By five o'clock he had the fire going beautifully and everything ready for a start.

By six o'clock he was just beginning to enjoy the thing; the tomatoes were stewing divinely; the potatoes were boiling to their heart's content; and the



THE FIRST THING TO CATCH HIS EYE.

milk for the oyster soup was simmering contentedly on the back of the stove. The oysters, by and by, had not arrived.

"Dear me," thought the ambitious gentleman, "I wish I had thought of it in time, and I'd have had some oyster patties for a sort of final dessert. Hello, what's this? By thunder, if that everlasting pig-headed woman hasn't left me some cold ham and a custard pie! By the old Harry, for two cents I'd throw the whole thing out into the back yard!"

The natural docility of his nature, however, prevailed, and he left the obnoxious viands unremoved, and proceeded with his dinner. At 6:30 he put

the chops on to broil, "as in the good old days of yore"—this poetic allusion to the style of cooking being occasioned by one of them accidentally dropping into the fire, whence he rescued it with great presence of mind by the joint assistance of the stove lifter and one of the best table napkins. By the time the chop was thus rescued, both it and the table napkin were fairly well done—the chop was thus rescued, both it and the table napkin were fairly well done—difficultly he got over by putting the erring chop on the window sill to cool, and the napkin into the fire—to do the other thing.

This accomplished, and with one chop gently cooking on the gridiron and the other one cooling on the window sill, he started to construct the paste for his apple pudding. This proved most fascinating. He placed a large quantity of flour in a small bowl, emptied a jug of water on top of it, added butter to taste and proceeded to mold it deftly into shape, as he had often seen his wife do. The flour and water promptly forsook the bowl and took themselves to his hands. Then the milk for the soup began to burn, just as the potatoes boiled dry. He rushed to the rescue and left the major portion of the paste fairly evenly divided between the handles of the two saucepans and the stove lifter. At this juncture the tomatoes started in to see if they couldn't surpass the milk in burning. They succeeded. The cat, which was accustomed to a 6:30 dinner, walked off with the chop on the window sill, while the chop on the fire grew beautifully black on the "down side." So many things were now burning all at the same time that Mr. Meek gave up all hope of trying to discover which one was burning most. "Let the dashed things burn till they're sick of it!" was the extremely broad-minded way in which he summed up

the situation. With the astuteness that characterized him as distinguished from his fellow men, he at once gave up all efforts to trace the truant paste and simply popped his apples into the oven to bake. It was now about 7:30, and the fire was getting hotter than pretty much anything on earth, unless, perhaps, it was Mr. Meek. He turned all the dampers, opened all the doors and took off all the lids. This resulted most satisfactorily. The fire began to cool. It didn't stop. It got, if anything, a little low. After that it got very low. Then it went out. He rushed for kindling and nearly took his head off on a clothesline. Just as he had got through nicely expressing his views on clotheslines in general, and that clothesline in particular, he went about twice as far toward taking his head off on the same clothesline on his way back.



MANY THINGS WERE BURNING.

The gentlest of natures when roused are often the most terrible. Mr. Meek became very terrible. He used up enough kindling, profanity and coal oil to have ignited the pyramids of Egypt. He stamped and shoved and poked and banged and cursed and shook till even the cat—and it had its dinner—was displeased with him, and departed to the outer kitchen to try the oysters, which the dilatory grocer had just deposited on the table without waiting to parley with Mr. Meek. He was a wise grocer and had heard enough.

When, about five minutes later, Mr. Meek discovered that the cat had found the oysters to its taste, he became even less calm. Had the cat been around—but, like the grocer, it had heard enough, and taken an unobtrusive departure—it is hugely probable that a considerable majority of its nine lives would have come to an abrupt termination.

At this stage, to console the unfortunate man, the fire began to go again. Once started, it didn't stop. In about five minutes it had burned up what remained of pretty much everything except a large pot of green tea and a small portion of Mr. Meek. The chop that the cat hadn't eaten was especially well done. It could be quite safely left on the window sill with a whole legion of cats around it. Mr. Meek, however, simply left it in the coal bin. In point of either color or hardness it would have been difficult to have found a more fitting place for it.

Then there came over Mr. Meek's face a terrible expression. He brought in a pail (it was the scrubbing pail, which he had mistaken for the scrap pail, but no matter) and poured the soup carefully into it, throwing the pan about five feet into the sink. Next he scraped the potatoes into the small pail, and again another pan followed the course of the first in getting to the sink. Then he poured the tomatoes on top of the

potatoes, and still a third pan got to the sink with unusual rapidity. It cannot be definitely stated whether or not Mr. Meek, in doing this, was actuated by the desire to prepare some famous hunter's dish relished in the dear old camping days gone by, but certain it is no sooner did he get the tomatoes nicely on top of the potatoes than he took the whole thing and tossed it, pail and all, into the outer lane.

This accomplished he proceeded to make a meal off the cold ham and some bread and butter—the cooking butter, of course.

Just as he was finishing Mrs. Meek returned. "Why, James, she cried cheerfully, "you never sent the cab for me, and I waited nearly a hour."

"No," said her husband calmly, "I've been terribly busy. Men from New York—just got home a little while ago. This is a very good ham—a shade overdone, isn't it?"

"Perhaps a shade less wouldn't have hurt it. Let me get you a piece of pie?"

"No, thank you. No cold pie for me when there's hot apples in the oven. I'll tell you what you might do. You might bring 'em in if you're not too tired."

Mrs. Meek departed on her mission. In a few moments she reappeared, and, without moving a muscle, placed the plate of baked apples before her lord and master. They were about the size of walnuts and the color of ebony. Judging by the way they rattled on the plate they were rather harder than flint.

Mr. Meek rose with an awful look in his eye. "I'm afraid," observed his wife, "they are like the ham—just a shade overdone."

"If I ever catch that cat," remarked Mr. Meek, as that sleek feline purred past him with a playful frisk of its tail, "I'll break every bone in its body"—only he described its body with sundry adjectives that were very strange to the ears of Mrs. Meek. At least, so she said when she described the occurrence to her bosom friend, Mrs. Muggins, next day.—N. Y. Truth.

GRACEFUL INTRODUCTIONS.

Are Not Difficult When Properly Understood.

"How shall I perform an introduction?" inquires a girl who likes to do things gracefully, and who is entirely right in her notion that for most things there is a right way and also a wrong one.

Introducing people is neither difficult nor occult, and it requires no special training. There are a few very simple rules to be observed. You present a gentleman to a lady, and a younger to an older person. You are careful to speak clearly and distinctly, for nothing is more embarrassing than to have a stranger's name mumbled so that it remains unknown, thus defeating the end of the introduction. You do not say: "Mamma, let me present my classmate," leaving your mother to guess at the part of your speech which was really the most important; you say: "My classmate, Miss Leonard." And, equally, when you are introducing Miss Leonard to your friend, you do not say: "Alice, may I introduce my cousin Sophie," in which case neither young woman would have the least idea of more than the other's Christian name. If a person is a personage—a professor, or doctor, or clergyman, or in any way noted or famous—the tactful young girl makes the title a part of her introduction, so that the people presented to him are aware that they are honored by the new acquaintance.—Harper's Round Table.

An Invalid's Seat.

To make a simple seat for invalids to use in carrying them from room to room or up and down stairs, take two long-broom handles and a piece of sack cloth such as is used for coarse aprons. The sack cloth must be one yard 11 inches long and 24 inches wide. Turn in an inch on either side and stitch down on each side; next join the two ends together, sewing them in and out with fine, strong string; now fold exactly in half and stitch across each end in the same manner (with string) hems wide enough to run the broom handles through. After turning in an inch at each end and one at either side you have a double seat measuring five-eighths of a yard across the seat. A feeble person can be carried up and down stairs or about the garden on this simple carrier by female bearers. The invalid sits on the seat between the poles, the two bearers, one in front, one behind, with a pole in each hand. A rest for the feet can easily be added.—Chicago Chronicle.

Mirages on Long Island Sound.

Beautiful mirages are not uncommon at Ocean Beach, on the sound, near New London, Conn., but one day recently there was an exhibition that eclipsed anything of the kind yet seen. About 19 mirages were observed in the course of the afternoon. Different parts of Fisher's island were shown; all of them were inverted, of course. It was very easy to distinguish some of the localities reflected in the sky.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Notwithstanding the fact that the pampas of Brazil are covered with herds of cattle, that country imported from the United States last year 68,700 pounds of salted meats and paid \$3,730 for it.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

New Lock Opened.

The new lock was officially opened at Sault Ste. Marie when the revenue cutter Andrew Johnson and the river and harbor improvement steamer Hancock were locked through. No official programme marked the opening of the largest lock in the world and the completion of one of the greatest engineering feats in the history of the country. The lock was commenced in 1889. It is 800 feet between gates, 1,100 feet in length over all, 43 feet high, 100 feet wide, and will accommodate boats drawing 21 feet of water.

McDonald Was Innocent.

Assistant Attorney-General Chase returned to Grand Rapids from Ontonagon county, where he conducted the examination of Duncan Beveridge and James Redpath for murder. The crime was committed November 12, 1889, and John McDonald was convicted and sentenced to prison for life. The confession of a woman showed that McDonald was innocent of the crime and he was unconditionally pardoned a few weeks ago and the two men now awaiting trial were arrested.

Has a Composite Skin.

Sixty pieces of skin were taken from 20 Knights of the Maccabees in St. Joseph and grafted on the person of Miss Minnie Rupp, who was terribly burned recently. The process has been experimented with three different times with success. The cuticle was taken from her relatives, but not enough could be secured to do the work, and the Maccabees, of which her father is a member, offered to contribute the required amount.

Death of Harrison H. Wheeler.

Judge Harrison H. Wheeler, United States pension agent at Detroit, died at Farmers' Creek, where he had been for several weeks past. About ten weeks ago he was stricken with paralysis and had to give up work. Judge Wheeler was born at Ludington March 22, 1839. He was a member of the Fifty-second congress and had served as a circuit judge in Detroit, March 19, 1894, he was appointed pension agent.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ended on August 1 reports sent in by 54 observers in various portions of the state indicate that remittent fever, tonsillitis and neuralgia increased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 213 places, typhoid fever at 51, diphtheria at 17, scarlet fever at 24, measles at 20 and whooping cough at 16 places.

Will Save \$20,000.

The action at Traverse City of the joint board of the several state insane asylums in reducing the per capita allowance of 46 cents per day to 44 cents for the maintenance of asylum inmates will, in the opinion of Auditor-General Turner, reduce the cost of caring for the insane of the state by more than \$20,000 per year.

Wonderful Escape of a Child.

A two-year-old girl fell out of a Michigan Central car window at Oshkemo while the train was running 50 miles an hour. The train stopped, backed up and found the child uninjured, except two scratches on her face. The mother was tired and had fallen asleep. The child was found playing in the sand.

Big Failure at Bay City.

Samuel G. M. Gates, a lumberman at Bay City, has turned over all of his real and personal property to the Union Trust company of Detroit for the benefit of his creditors. The table of assets amounts to \$383,000 and the liabilities to \$644,000.

Brief News Items.

One shipment at Marquette have fallen off nearly 50 per cent. The night crew on the derricks has been discharged, and a score of ore train brakemen have been laid off.

Twenty-five prominent physicians met in Jackson and organized a Jackson auxiliary to the Michigan Medical Legislation league.

Horace Bronson, a farmer living in Wheatland township, died from the effects of poison taken with suicidal intent.

The boiler in the Sullivan shingle mill at Cedar burst and the mill was badly shattered and Engineer Walter Scott was killed.

The Holland & Emery company, lumber dealers at East Tawas, who recently failed, asked for an extension of credit and was given five years.

Norman Williams, a farmer near St. Johns, died from the bite of a vicious hog.

All the rolling mills at Niles have resumed work, giving employment to about 2,000 men.

Emil Rahn, charged with the murder of John Sexauer July 4 at Lake Minnewaukon, near Sturgis, has been discharged.

Roland Morrill, of Berrien county, who is given credit for having originated the Osage melon a few years ago, has a melon patch this season of 45 acres.

The lumber plant of Emery & Stokoe, two miles east of Manistee, was burned, together with its contents and 4,000,000 shingles, 5,000 cords of tan bark, etc. Loss, \$30,000.

The Improved Match company of Detroit has begun in the Wayne circuit court suit for \$150,000 damages against the Diamond Match company.

Drugs Away Below Cost

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Foolish Thing to Advertise.

Firstly you would not believe it, and secondly you would be very foolish if you did. Don't make money very fast selling below cost; but what we can say is that we always sell as low as is consistent with good quality. We have earned the name that is familiar to most people, that

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Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Wm. Barthel has removed to Albion.
Miss Alice Mullen spent Tuesday in Detroit.

Pay your village taxes. No extension of time.

Julius Klein was a Jackson visitor Monday.

The Republicans talk of having a ratification meet.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Schatz spent Sunday in Grass Lake.

Tommy McNamara spent a few days at Springport last week.

Henry Heselschwerdt has accepted a position in the M. C. freight house.

Mrs. J. W. Babbitt, of Ypsilanti, was the guest of Chelsea friends Monday.

Messrs. W. and E. Roy, of Detroit, spent the past week here with relatives.

The Lutheran Sunday school held their annual picnic at North Lake Wednesday.

Carl Heller, of Munich, Germany, spent the past week here with his brother.

Mrs. Bridget Barthel left for Albion, Mich., last Tuesday to reside there permanently.

W. P. Schenk & Company are giving a wagon with every suit sold. See ad. on first page.

N. E. Freer, attorney at law, has opened a real estate exchange. See ad. in another column.

A regular meeting of Olive Chapter No. 108, O. E. S., will be held Wednesday evening, Aug. 19.

Misses Alice Mullen and Minnie Wackenhut are visiting relatives and friends in Detroit for two weeks.

A. J. Wood and wife, of Chicago, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Theo. E. Wood, of Summit street.

Geo. BeGole and daughter Zoe spent several days the past week with relatives at Decatur and Paw Paw.

Jas. Ackerson, our street sprinkler, struck a flowing well on his lot on North Main street last Thursday.

Miss Bridget Howe, who has been the guest of her sister, Miss Susan Howe, of Detroit, has returned to Chelsea.

M. A. Shaver has removed to Albion, where he has secured employment with the Gale Manufacturing Company.

Mr. James H. Runciman and family spent several days last week in Jackson visiting their many friends and relatives.

The regular meeting of the W. R. C. will be held on Friday afternoon, August 14, at 2:30 o'clock. A good attendance is desired.

Lightning struck the chimney on Martin Conway's house last Monday. The inmates were badly shaken up but not injured.

Saline Maccabees hold a picnic Aug. 25, 1896. The speakers are Hon. H. S. Pingree, D. D. Aitken, Emma Bower, and J. N. Lewis.

Rev. John S. Edmunds, of Oxford, Mich., will conduct the morning service at the Congregational church next Sunday, Aug. 16.

The Cook Twin Sisters Big 3 Car Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. travel in their own train of three sixty-foot palace cars. At Chelsea Tuesday, Aug. 18, and at Grass Lake Wednesday, Aug. 19. Under a big tent.

The German Workingmen's Society of this place will take part in a body at the German American Day celebration in Ann Arbor, Aug. 27, 1896. All members are requested to meet at the hall at 7 a. m.

Four or five barns were destroyed by lightning in the vicinity of Manchester last Monday. Myron Pierce, who was in his barn at the time, was paralyzed by the bolt. Farmers report many horses and cattle lost.

Next Saturday will be the Feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary, and is a holy day of obligation in the Catholic church. Services will be held in St. Mary's church on that day at 6 and 9:30 a. m.

Some men insist on showing what they don't know by telling what they think they do know about gold and silver. Which would be the most profitable, to keep it up or stay at home and pull your wild lettuce?

John Shettler, of Dover, but formerly of Lima, was drowned in the Huron river while bathing last Sunday evening. He was a strong swimmer, but it is thought he was swept under and became entangled in some thick wild rice. He leaves a widow and three children.

Saturday evening's storm did considerable damage in the vicinity of Dexter. It demolished Chas. Warner's sheep barn, blew off the roof of John Nall's barn and smashed the roofs on the Episcopal church and Alfred Deir's residence. Bugles in the street were overturned and telegraph poles leveled.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 7, 1896.—It would be interesting to know how long the gold and the silver managers expect to keep up their present meaningless bluffing, and what either side expects to gain by it. The silver managers started it by a series of newspaper interviews speaking in glowing terms of the tidal wave growth of silver sentiment in New England, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and the gold managers went back at them with interviews claiming that a great reaction was going on against silver in such states as Colorado, Idaho, Utah, etc., and that this reaction, together with the existing sentiment in favor of protection, would give McKinley the electoral votes of those states. Now, every man who makes even the slightest pretense of keeping posted on the drift of political sentiment knows that such statements are mere bluffs, and that the men who make them know them to be such, and further, that there is little probability that silver will get any electoral votes from the eastern states, and not much, if any, more that gold will get any electoral votes from the extreme west. It looks like the managers on both sides are making these statements for their effect in the states which they know to be doubtful, which includes a considerable portion of what are popularly known as the middle western states. It is not flattering to the intelligence of those voters who are in doubt on the subject to suppose that they are more anxious to go with the winning side than to be right. Yet that supposition appears to be held by the managers of both the gold and silver tickets.

There was considerable amusement among the politicians when the report reached Washington that the gold Democrats of New York had tried to make a dicker with Mark Hanna, on the basis of their voting for McKinley and Hobart and Hanna guaranteeing that the next New York legislature, if controlled by the Republicans, or a combination of Republicans and gold Democrats, would elect a gold Democrat to succeed Senator Hill.

The relations between the Democratic and the Populist managers are somewhat strained, owing to a number of things, including that unusually big Democratic majority in Alabama. Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, tried to pour oil on the troubled waters of the political partnership by giving out, just before he left Washington for New York, where he expects to remain until after the Bryan and Sewall notification meeting, which will be held next week, a signed statement denying the correctness of a widely published interview in which he was made to speak very slightly of the southern Populists as a class. Senator Butler, chairman of the Populist National Committee, has not been in Washington since the meeting of the national convention, but he is expected daily at the headquarters which have been established. He is credited with a strong liking for Bryan, and a desire to aid in shelving Tom Watson in favor of Sewall, but I am quite sure he has not authorized anybody to say as much.

Speaking of Tom Watson, the impression is general in Washington that the Democrats intend to throw him overboard without ceremony in the end, but that they will postpone doing so as long as possible, so as to get as many Populists committed to Bryan as they can. It is thought that Watson has an inkling of this plan, and that he will make some trouble when they start to carry it out.

Logan Carlisle, chief clerk of the Treasury department, and a son of Secretary Carlisle, has bolted Bryan and Sewall and the Chicago platform, and announced his intention to vote for McKinley and Hobart, unless a gold Democratic ticket is put up. This is regarded as indicating to a certainty the position of Secretary Carlisle, as it is hardly probable that Logan Carlisle would have come out so plainly on this matter without having discussed it with his father, and it is reasonably certain that unless his father had thought as he did he would have kept his mouth shut.

The Ideal Panacea.

James I. Francis, alderman, Chicago says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an ideal panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physicians' prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Subscribe for the HERALD.

There's No
Such Thing
As Luck!

But when you use our Pure Cider Vinegar and Spices your pickles are so good that you imagine you are **Lucky**, and it is all the same.

We are the people who supply the choicest eatables at the lowest prices; we have no room for cheap, trashy goods in our store, but sell you the best for less money than some dealers charge you for shoddy goods.

For the Pickling
Season:

Amboyna Cloves.

True Ceylon Cinnamon.

Java Cinnamon.

Borneo Ginger.

Penang Shot Pepper.

Penang Lined Nutmegs.

Bright New Jamaica

Pimento.

Natal Cayenne Pepper.

Extra Genuine English

Mustard.

Heinz's Pickling Vinegar.

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Table Supply House.

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PHYSICIAN

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Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

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Homeopathic Physician
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DENTIST,

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SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the
Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and
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Operative, Prosthetic
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in all their
branches. Teeth ex-
amined and advice
given free. Special
attention given to
children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local
Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently
located.

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WM. S. HAMILTON,

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Supplies Conditioning Powders for
animals debilitated by disease or overwork.
Special attention given to Lameness and
Horse Dentistry. Mouths examined free.
Office and Residence on Park Street across
from Methodist church, Chelsea, Mich.

N. E. FREER,

Attorney at Law
and Notary Public.

All legal business given prompt
attention.

Office in the Turnbull & Wilkinson
Building, Chelsea, Mich.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Buy your goods of us this month and get an **\$85.00 Monarch Bicycle Free.**

One ticket on this wheel for every 25 cents worth of goods purchased in any of our departments.

NOTHING EXCEPTED.

August Bargains in Every Department.

Bleached cotton, others' price 10c, August price **8c.**
 Bleached cotton, others' price 8c, August price **7c.**
 Brown cotton, others' get 6c to 7c, August price **5c.**
 Wash goods, regular 10, 12½ and 15c quality, August price **5c.**
 \$1.50 and \$1.75 ladies' walking shoes, August price **\$1.00.**
 \$2.50 Such's kid, patent tip, lace or button shoe, August price **\$1.90.**

Get your bicycle tickets now; the more tickets you have the better your chances for getting the bicycle.

We made an error last week in saying that the wheels were made in Chicago, Ill. They are made by the Monarch Bicycle Co., of Chicago.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

A Sure Thing

Is what the average buyer is looking for. When they buy meat they want the quality to be a **SURE THING.** When they buy meat of us they take no chances.

Prices Always Right.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

READY ON TIME.

Couldn't have been so without an accurate time-piece.

Whether it is a clock, watch or piece of jewelry you want, you can be sure of its reliability if you buy from us.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

Here and There.

For sale, two village lots, centrally located. Inquire at this office.

For the remainder of the summer will sell all straw hats at half price for cash only. Mrs. J. Staffan.

One hundred and thirty onion crates for sale cheap, or will exchange for oats or corn. C. W. Maroney, Chelsea.

A horse which takes the end of a hose pipe in his mouth and holds it there until his thirst is quenched is owned by F. S. Brown, of Ansonia, Conn.

One of the most prosperous lumber merchants of Sangerville, Me., is now in an insane asylum because of a lack of snow during the past winter.

Some interesting statistics have been published which show that England's expenditure per head on her navy is nearly double that of any other nation.

For sale at a bargain, house and two lots on South Main street. If not sold at once will rent all or part of house to small family. Henry Frey, Chelsea.

China plans another important reform. The Peking government has applied for admission to the postal union, as the Chinese postal system is most inefficient.

The first British railway in West Africa has just been opened at Sierra Leone. At present the line is only six miles long, but it greatly delights the natives, who are much impressed by the railway engine.

An organization has been formed at Des Moines, Iowa, "to provide immediate relief and to insure concerted action in the event of tornadoes, cyclones, fires, floods, railroad accidents or other serious emergencies."

Nervous debility is a common complaint, especially among women. The best medical treatment for the disorder is a persistent course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla to cleanse and invigorate the blood. This being accomplished, nature will do the rest.

C. A. Snow, of Washington, D. C., patent lawyers, whose ad. is in another column, procure patents for inventions in the United States, Canada and Europe. They will send printed advice about procuring patents free to any address.

An exchange says merchants who want the newspaper to "roast" the peddlers and the like would assist in making the newspaper men do so if these same merchants would quit using gargling oil envelopes, baking powder statements and sidewalk advertisements.

Many physicians believe that the fumes of kerosene when the lamp is turned low may cause diphtheria. Many sleeping rooms are thus semi-lighted all night and the windows closed or raised but slightly. The atmospheric conditions become deadly. A turned-down kerosene lamp is a magazine of deathly gas to which the healthiest lungs cannot be exposed safely. —Exchange.

The parade given by the Cook Twin Sisters Big 3-Car Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. is actually a novelty. It's worth coming miles to see. The Cook Twin Sisters Big 3-Car Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. at Chelsea, Tuesday, Aug. 18, and at Grass Lake Wednesday, Aug. 19, is the largest and most complete company of its kind traveling. Press and public with one accord pronounce this a grand production of Mrs. Stowe's immortal novel. The grand parade you cannot afford to miss Under a big tent.

Ram's Horns.

In the Lord's army the base of supplies is at the front.

Get in the habit of resting all your weight on the Everlasting Arms.

Life is full of disappointments to the man who tries to live without Christ.

There are people who never care for music except when they play the first fiddle.

The man who is doing the thing God wants him to do is engaged in a great work.

The man who works for the Lord by the day will never be satisfied with the pay he gets.

The best thing to do, when we cannot see in any other direction, is to look straight up.

The man who is trying to hide behind a hypocrite now will not do it in the day of judgment.

The man who is willing to do God's will will not long be kept in doubt about what is God's will.

When the devil gets a chance to plant a thorn in the flesh of a man like Paul he always puts it in deep.

Whenever God's word is believed, the man who believes it is blessed, whether he feels that way or not.

Some people talk much about what a happy place heaven is, and do nothing to make their homes resemble it.

North Lake Breezes.

Mr. and Mrs. Dutton were the guests of their parents last week.

Little Pearl Glenn has named the new house the "Happy Home."

A picnic from Chelsea and Unadilla was held at the Grove Wednesday.

A young man was drowned at Hudson Sunday evening while bathing. He was an expert swimmer.

Two little granddaughters of R. S. Whalain are visiting him for a few weeks; also Miss Inez Fisher, of Detroit.

The ice cream social at R. S. Whalain's was well attended and much enjoyed by all present. Over \$5.00 was realized for the League.

The threshing in this vicinity is about finished. Yield per acre light in winter crops. Spring crops are an average, and of good quality.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wood have gone to Mt. Pleasant to attend the funeral of their grandchild, the youngest daughter of Wm. Wood, of that place.

Your scribe had three swarms of bees on Sunday last, two of which he hived, one going away after leaving about fifty stings in the aforesaid scribe. It's a sweet business and one easy to get pointers in.

Excursions.

Ten Day Excursion, \$5 00, via Michigan Central, to Petoskey and Traverse City and return, Aug. 27.

National Encampment, G. A. R., St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 1 to 4. Fare from Chelsea and return, \$13.25. Tickets limited to return Sept. 15.

Michigan State Fair, Grand Rapids, Mich., Sept. 7 to 11. One first-class limited fare for round trip, plus 50 cents for admission coupon. Dates of sale, Sept. 7 to 11. Good to return Sept. 12.

Seventh Day Adventists' Annual Camp Meeting, Owosso, Mich., Sept. 16 to Oct. 5. One first-class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, Sept. 16, 22, 23 and 30. Good to return October 5.

Woman's Relief Corps Excursion to Detroit and Port Huron via Michigan Central Railroad and Steamer Greyhound, Thursday, Aug. 20. Train leaves Chelsea at 6:36 a. m. To Detroit and return, \$1.15; to Port Huron and return, \$1.65. Children half fare. Returning, train leaves Detroit at 8:45 p. m.

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the officers and directors of the Chelsea Fair at the Town Hall, Chelsea, Saturday, August 22, at 3 o'clock p. m. sharp. All interested in a good fair are requested to be present. This is the last call.

W. H. GLENN, President.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, (Ind.) Sun, writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2925 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a headache which never left her, and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and \$1.00. Get a bottle at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Dog Owners Take Warning.

I shall shoot every dog found running at large contrary to law.

RUSH GREEN,
Marshal.

August 4th, 1896.

Notice.

I shall be at my office at all times from July 1 to receive village taxes.

J. W. BEISSEL,
Village Treas.

Take Your Vacation Now.

Go to picturesque Mackinac Island via the D. & O. (Coast Line). It only costs \$13.50 from Detroit, \$15.50 from Toledo, \$18.00 from Cleveland for the round trip, including meals and berths. Tickets good for 60 days, bicycles carried free. One thousand miles of lake and river riding on new modern steel steamers for the above rates. Send 2c for illustrated pamphlets. Address,

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit.

"Canst thou minister to a mind d'seased?" asks Macbeth. Certainly, my lord; the condition of the mind depends largely, if not solely, on the condition of the stomach, liver and bowels, for all of which complaints Ayer's Pills are "the sovereignest thing on earth."

Beissel's

Supply House.

This week we shall open a choice line of Fruits:

Peaches, Pears, Plums and Grapes.

Also watermelons and musk melons at prices that will astonish you.

Choice lemons, crisp celery, ripe tomatoes, green and ripe peppers.

Lobsters.

Pleasant Bay lobsters, the finest goods money will buy.

Mushrooms.

If you care for these goods we have an elegant line.

Salmon.

When you want an extra fine can of salmon try our Salmon Cutlets, packed in oval flat cans.

Anything you buy of us in the line of canned goods we guarantee in every respect or your money back.

Our stock of canned goods was never more complete than now.

For canned vegetables, sardines, potted meats, roast beef, corned beef, oysters and canned fruit, don't forget that we carry the assortment, and prices will be guaranteed.

Baked Goods.

A complete line of sweet goods, and always fresh.

When you want fresh, clean goods done up in bang up style, and prices as low as any one selling first-class goods, don't forget that the place is at

J. W. Beissel's.

When down town these hot days just remember the nice cool refreshing ice cream soda we are dispensing.

Cash paid for eggs.

DOCTORS

KENNEDY & KERGAN

Specialists in the Treatment of Nervous, Blood, Sexual and Private Diseases

17 Years in DETROIT. 200,000 Cured

YOUNG MAN You are nervous and debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition; lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night losses; drains at stool; oozing on excitement; lagged looking; weak back; bone pains; bleeds; hair loss; sore throat; varicocele; want of confidence; impotence; loss of strength; lack of energy and You need Help strength.

MARRIAGE This important step in life should never be taken until you are positively cured if you have been weakened or diseased. Remember "Like father, like son." Emissions, varicocele, spermatorrhea and syphilis endanger happiness in married life. Our New Method cures them permanently. If you are married consult us at once, as we can restore your strength, vital energy and desire. If you wish to marry, our advice may be worth a fortune to you.

Don't Let Your Life be Drained Away!

The New Method Treatment. This System was discovered by us several years ago. It builds up and strengthens the nervous system; restores lost vitality to the sexual organs; stops all drains and losses; invigorates and restores lost manhood. It never fails in curing the results of Self Abuse, Later Excesses, Blood Diseases, or the effects of a Misspent Life.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

What we Treat and Cure!

Emissions, Varicocele, Syphilis, Nervous Debility, Stricture, Gleet, Impotency, Unnatural Discharges, Lost Manhood, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, a Consultation Free. Books (Illustrated) Free. Write for Question Blank for Home Treatment. Everything Confidential. Plain envelopes. Nothing sent C. O. D. See testimonials next week.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN
148 Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.

Chelsea, Tuesday, Aug. 18.

Grass Lake, Wednesday, Aug. 19.

Under - a - Big - Waterproof - Tent.

SEATS FOR 2,000 PEOPLE.

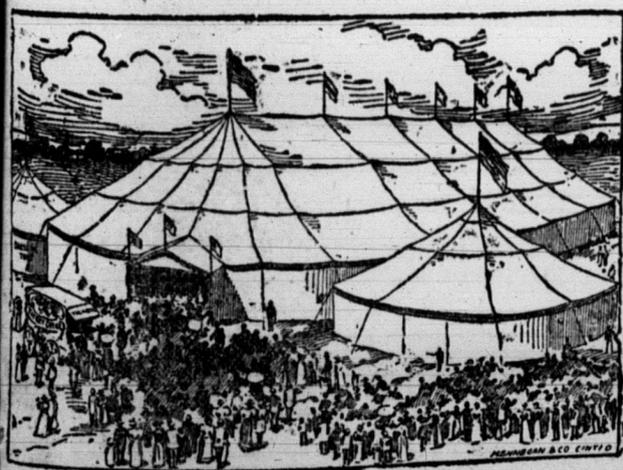
ED. F. DAVIS'

Magnificent Scenic Production of

Mrs. Harriet B. Stowe's

Immortal Work,

Uncle Tom's Cabin.



100 People. 40 Ponies and Burros.

Pack of Siberian Blood Hounds.

Brigade Band and Orchestra.

Feature Parade at 10 o'clock A. M.

"Eva's Golden Chariot." "Typical Southern Ox-cart."

"Miniature Slave's Cabin."

One Performance Only.

Doors Open at 7 p. m. Admission, 25 Cents.

IT KILLS SCORES.

Excessive Heat Proves as Deadly as an Epidemic.

A Total of 181 Deaths Reported from This Cause on Sunday in Various Parts of the Union—City and Hamlet Alike Suffer.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—From dispatches it is learned that deaths from heat in various cities throughout the union aggregated 181.

St. Louis a Great Sufferer.

St. Louis, Aug. 10.—Last week was one of the hottest on record in St. Louis for many years. Saturday for the third successive day St. Louis led the entire country at seven a. m. with a temperature of 89 degrees. From that on until four o'clock p. m. the temperature rose at the rate of one degree or more an hour. At that time the thermometer in the signal service bureau registered 100 degrees in the shade, the highest point of the day. The record on the streets and unexposed places was over 100.

There was no cessation in heat prostrations. A number of victims who had been hovering between life and death for three days succumbed. Many industries are badly crippled by the inroads the heat has made among their employes. The death roll for Saturday numbers 18. There were 34 cases of prostration treated at the city hospitals up to seven p. m.

Twelve Deaths on Sunday.

On Sunday the thermometer ranged from 81 degrees at eight a. m. to 100 degrees at five p. m., and the death roll is not diminished. All day the city ambulances have been carrying patients to the dispensary and corpses to the morgue. Many of those stricken several days ago have succumbed to the long-continued strain of torrid days and sleepless nights. Deaths from this cause are now so common as to hardly excite remark. At five p. m. one ambulance hauled five patients to the dispensary and completed its journey by taking two corpses from the dispensary to the morgue. Since midnight Saturday the deaths recorded number 12. Up to nine p. m. over 40 cases of prostration had been reported, the majority of them being serious.

Special telegrams from many points in Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas report excessive heat and loss of life.

Telegrams from points in southern Illinois show that the intense heat still prevails there and many prostrations resulted. At Salem, where the temperature was 104, farmers and other workmen were compelled to lay off. Business was almost suspended at Litchfield, and two men dropped dead from the effects of the heat.

At Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Saturday was the hottest day of the scorching, deadly series of last week, and the list of victims was the largest. There were six deaths reported. The temperature at eight a. m. was 84, and it continued to rise steadily until 98 degrees was recorded at three o'clock. This record made it the hottest August day in the history of the Chicago weather bureau. Four prostrated victims were removed to hospitals from the streets where they were working or from stores and their recovery is not expected. A score or more of men and women were overcome, but nearly all of them are out of danger. Horses drawing heavy loads dropped dead by the score in the streets from early morning to late at night. Outdoor labor was practically suspended for the day except where it was absolutely necessary.

A Hot Sunday.

Unabated heat dealt death to Chicagoans Sunday. Prostrations, despite the quiet of the day, were reported in every quarter of the city. The thermometer reached 93 at four p. m. At midnight Sunday it stood at 85. At that hour 19 deaths from heat had been reported to the health department. The police cared for 61 cases of prostration, 17 of them resulting fatally. The total deaths due to heat for the last five days are 36.

Heavy Increase in the Death Rate. Nearly all the 102 deaths reported to the health department for Friday were traceable more or less directly to the heat. The awful record of deaths for six days of last week is 492. The average death list for Chicago is 50 a day, which would make the deaths for the last six days 300 above the average.

Many Dead in New York.

New York, Aug. 10.—The suffering of the New Yorkers Sunday was intense. Profiting by the general cessation from labor and business cares which Sunday brings and by the warnings issued from the experts of the weather bureau, thousands of people flocked to the seashore resorts. About four p. m. the thermometer of the weather bureau touched 90 degrees as the highest point for the day. The official figures are necessarily lower than those shown by the thermometers on the pavements, where the highest point touched was 95. A large number of persons were overcome by the heat during the day, and up to six o'clock Sunday evening 23 fatal cases had been reported to the coroner's office. The heat was also intense in Brooklyn and nine fatal cases were reported in that city. Eleven deaths and 43 prostrations was Saturday's record in this city.

In Western Michigan.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Aug. 10.—The last five days have been the warmest

ever known in western Michigan and rain is badly needed. The thermometer has been above 100 all day and towards evening only lost ten points. Several fatalities have been reported and more are expected unless a cool wave strikes this portion of the state soon. Electrical storms have passed over this section in the last 24 hours, but have had no noticeable effect.

In Iowa. Council Bluffs, Ia., Aug. 10.—The heat here has been extreme for the past week, the thermometer registered from 98 to 100 degrees in the shade. There has been but one fatality. The heated spell was broken Sunday evening by a heavy rainstorm accompanied by thunder and lightning. These storms have occurred frequently during the week, and one death has occurred from lightning.

At Cleveland. Cleveland, O., Aug. 10.—Sunday was a record breaker. The mercury ranged from 80 to 93 during the day at the weather bureau. The temperature at other places went above 100. There were several prostrations, including 12 at the Ohio national guard encampment; and William Fitzgerald, a laborer, died from the effects of the heat.

Three Deaths at Albany. Albany, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Three deaths resulted here Sunday from the heat. They were William J. Gannon, a policeman, aged 45; George Clifford, aged 77; John Payne, 60 years old (colored).

HOT AT OTHER POINTS.

Deaths and Much Suffering Reported from All Localities.

Dispatches from various points throughout the country show that no spot is exempt from the torrid weather. In the valley regions, where the air is dense with vapor, and in small towns, where streets are not sprinkled, the suffering is intense, but no more so than in the large cities, where the walls of brick, iron and stone deflect the burning rays of the sun and the heat is augmented by furnaces and boilers under the pavements. In all the larger cities the poor in the tenement districts and persons employed in close factories where steam is used are especial sufferers. The mortality among children is alarming in the cities.

At Philadelphia Saturday ten deaths from heat were reported. Six deaths occurred Saturday at Louisville. Seventeen horses perished from excessive heat.

At Pittsburgh Sunday no prostrations were reported, although the thermometer reached 102 in the shade. At Elgin, Ill., a son of Mrs. Loretta Mott died of prostration. Gerald W. McChesney, also a young man, died from sunstroke.

At Anderson, Ind., there was intense suffering among the men in the mill factories. There were three prostrations in the city. Milan, Mo., reports 106 in the shade and much mortality among animals. Horses drop in the streets, and only absolutely necessary work is being done, residents waiting until nightfall to move about.

All records were broken at Jefferson, Ia., where the thermometer indicated 106 in the shade at two o'clock Saturday afternoon. Henry Downey, an aged and wealthy farmer of Tiffin, O., was overcome by the heat and dropped dead while unhitching his horses after a trip to the city. At Des Moines, Ia., a record of 92 in the shade was reached Saturday and two fatalities were reported. John Gardner, aged 40, keeper of a restaurant, dropped dead in his place of business. Samuel Brown fell dead at his home while sitting in the shade.

After the hottest day for many seasons a violent storm broke over Lebanon, Ill. Saturday. Lightning struck and set fire to forest trees, destroyed farm barns, hay sheds and corn cribs, entailing a loss estimated at \$10,000.

Reports from Boston are that the Hub is simply prostrated. Hotter weather was never known there. The death rate has increased greatly, and six deaths from sunstroke were reported Saturday. The heat record in Kansas City was smashed again, the weather bureau thermometer recording 103 degrees at 3:30 Saturday afternoon. On the streets thermometers ranged from 103 to 108. It was the hottest day Kansas City has ever known. Several prostrations occurred, but as far as known none resulted fatally.

SENT THEM HOME.

Militiamen Abuse Their Powers at Cleveland—The Mayor Acts.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 10.—Four companies of the militia doing duty at the Brown hoisting works strike in this city were ordered home Saturday by Mayor McKisson to prevent a threatened conflict between citizens and soldiers. The latter had outrageously abused their power by assaulting and bayoneting innocent and peaceable citizens on their doorsteps, and in front of their places of business. Saturday the merchants and others living in the section of the city which soldiers and police had been guarding, warned the mayor they had armed themselves for self-protection. Previous to this the mayor had ignored all complaints. Only one company of soldiers is left on the ground. Saturday morning four militiamen took forcible possession of a saloon and proceeded to confiscate all the liquor in the place. The guard squad dragged them out and threw them into the guardhouse. In the fight which ensued one of the four was stabbed in the leg with a bayonet. Later a pitched battle ensued between militiamen about the mess tents and a number of sore heads are the result. Nearly a dozen soldiers are on the court-martial list for insubordination.

Well-Known Lawyer Dead.

Columbus, O., Aug. 10.—William J. Gilmore, one of the ablest and best-known lawyers at the Ohio bar, died at his residence here Sunday afternoon, aged 73 years. He was at one time a justice of the supreme bench of the state.

Iowa Republican Campaign.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 10.—Roswell G. Horr, the first national speaker to enter the state of Iowa, will open the campaign of the outside speakers at Webster City on August 24.

MINNESOTA DEMOCRATS.

Prominent Men Read Out of the Party—The State Ticket.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 5.—The democratic convention was held here Tuesday. National Committeeman Lawler, ex-Secretary of the State Committee Cutcheon and Mr. McCafferty, a lifelong worker in the democratic ranks, were expelled from Minnesota democracy. Hisses were intermingled with cheers and the greatest confusion ensued. National Committeeman Lawler tried to make himself heard, but his efforts were in vain. The band struck up a lively air and after several minutes order was again restored.

J. W. Griffin, on behalf of the silver republicans, promised their support to the democratic and populist fusion ticket in consideration of the nomination of John Lind, a silver republican, by the convention. The name of John Lind was the only one put before the convention for candidate for governor, and he received the nomination by acclamation. For secretary of state J. J. Hinrich, of Minneapolis, was also nominated by acclamation. For state treasurer the names of George Grisser, of Stearns county, and Alex McKinnon, of Crookston, were placed before the convention. Mr. McKinnon receiving the nomination on the third ballot. Minnesota is entitled to nine electors. Tuesday's convention selected four democrats and one silver republican, leaving the remaining four to be selected by the populists. The populists will also name an attorney general and lieutenant governor.

In the meantime the expelled gentlemen walked out of the hall, followed by one whole delegation and several members of the Ramsey county delegation, of which they were members. The platform as adopted declares in favor of the Chicago platform and the nominees of the Chicago convention; denounces the platform of the republican party, more particularly in regard to the monetary plank; denounces the struck jury system and declares for good roads. The platform also demanded an amendment to the constitution of the United States providing for the election of president and vice-president and United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

FIVE HUNDRED SLAIN.

Matabele Charge Up to the Muzzles of British Guns.

Cape Town, Aug. 8.—Details have been received here of the decisive victory won Wednesday by the 700 British troops composing Col. Plumer's column over a native force estimated to have numbered from 5,000 to 7,000. The latter fought most desperately and bravely, charging up to within a few yards of the British rapid-fire guns. About 500 of the Matabele warriors were slain and the loss of the British included Maj. Kershaw, Lieut. Harvey, four sergeants and about 30 soldiers killed, and six officers, several noncommissioned officers and about 50 men wounded. The Matabele and their allies were commanded by the big chiefs Sokombo and Umlugulus and were divided into five impi or regiments, each of over 1,000 men, well supplied with arms and ammunition. They fought desperately. The natives rushed headlong at the British and in spite of the heavy fire which was poured into their ranks succeeded in getting within 15 feet of the Maxim guns. A minute's delay would have proved fatal to the Beresford detachment, as the white infantry was apparently unable to check the reckless charge of the tribesmen, who seemed to court death in their fierce attack upon the column. But when the screw guns began crashing case shot into the enemy, tearing wide, bloody gaps in the ranks, and the deadly Maxim rattled its hail of lead into the serried masses of the rapidly moving impi, the natives wavered in their charge, and a moment later the rush was stopped and they began to give way, leaving heaps of dead and wounded on the field.

LYNCHED.

Louisiana Mobs Wreak Vengeance on Brutal Tramp. Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 6.—A special from St. Joseph, La., says: Information of a terrible case of outrage and murder committed in the neighborhood of Couter Point, on Tensas river, in this parish, several days ago, was brought to this place Wednesday by Mr. Alex Wood, of Waterproof, La. A respectable white woman, employed as a domestic in a prominent family on the border of Franklin parish, was sent across the river on an errand, and, failing to return in the proper time, the family became alarmed and sent a party in search of her. After a tramp of several hours the party came upon the dead and horribly mutilated body of the woman lying in the woods and partially concealed by bushes. The most intense excitement followed the discovery, and in a short while the whole country was aroused. Suspicion immediately fell upon a white tramp who had been seen in the neighborhood shortly after the unfortunate woman had crossed the river. Dogs were procured and in a few hours a searching party came upon the tramp a few miles from the scene of the murder. He was accused of the crime and immediately confessed that he had met the woman and outraged her, and to cover up his crime he had murdered her. The infuriated crowd bound the brutal wretch, dragged and tied him to the nearest tree, and after burning his body and ridding it with bullets quietly dispersed.

LYNCHED.

Louisiana Mobs Wreak Vengeance on Italian Murderers. New Orleans, Aug. 10.—Wednesday night last in St. Charles parish Jules Guymaud, a storekeeper, was assassinated while standing on his front porch. A Sicilian named Lorenzo Saladino was known to have a grudge against Guymaud and he was suspected. Circumstantial evidence caused his arrest on Friday. The sheriff had great difficulty in preventing the people from lynching Saladino then and there, and secretly conveyed the prisoner to Hahnville, the county seat, and placed him in jail. Two other Italians named Decino and Angelo Marcus were confined in the jail for the murder of an aged Spaniard on one of the plantations.

LYNCHED.

About midnight Sunday a mob of about 50 persons, well armed, surprised the guard, battered down the doors of the jail and took out the three Italians. The prisoners cried and begged for mercy but the crowd took them to a stable a short distance away, gave them two minutes in which to pray and then strung all three of them up by the necks to the rafters.

LYNCHED.

The crowd stood around a few minutes until the bodies ceased to struggle, and then opened fire from their Winchester rifles on the dangling forms, literally riddling them with bullets. The news soon spread, and by daylight a big crowd gathered where the three bodies were yet hanging, dripping with the blood from their numerous bullet wounds and presenting a ghastly sight.

LYNCHED.

Trolley-Car Thrown Over a High Bank at Columbia, Pa. Columbia, Pa., Aug. 10.—A frightful trolley accident occurred at ten o'clock Sunday evening on the Columbia & Donegal Electric railway at a point one mile outside of this city. A crowded car was returning from Chickie's park when a gear wheel broke and the car was thrown over a 20-foot embankment, falling into a creek. Five passengers were killed outright and two score injured, many of them very seriously. Following is the list of killed: Chief Burgess H. H. Heiges, of Columbia; Adam Foeelling, motorman, Columbia; James Ludlow, Seagirt, N. J.; Henry Smith, Columbia; William Tinkerson, Columbia. Twenty-nine injured passengers, many of whom are expected to die, were brought to Columbia hospital. A full list is not obtainable.

A Jurist Dead.

Fargo, N. D., Aug. 10.—Judge Alfred Thomas, of the North Dakota United States district court, died Saturday morning, after a serious illness of about one week. He was a native of Wisconsin and aged 59. He came to Dakota in 1878, locating in Fargo in 1883. In 1889 he was appointed district judge by President Cleveland. He leaves a widow and three grown children.

WATERY GRAVES.

Bathers Drowned at Detroit and Other Places.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 10.—A terrific rainstorm broke over this city Sunday night after a day of intense heat. The storm was accompanied by a high wind which broke over the river and Lake St. Clair, upsetting a dozen yachts which were on the river at the time. There were a number of daring rescues. Three persons are so far known to have been drowned—William J. Thieme, a young clerk, was bathing off a yacht at Belle Isle park and was swamped and drowned; Frank Hughes, bathing off the yacht Alberta, met a similar fate; John Helka, Jr., who was bathing off Peche island in Lake St. Clair, was also swamped and drowned. There are reports that several persons are missing who were known to have been on the river or lake.

Whitehall, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Miss Marion Burnham, aged 14 years, daughter of William A. Burnham, of Boston, was accidentally drowned in Lake Champlain, near Westport, Sunday afternoon. She was in bathing and went out beyond her depth. Miss Maggie Moulder, a nurse, who accompanied the young lady, and who went to her assistance, was also drowned.

Benton Harbor, Mich., Aug. 10.—Frank Yerrington, James Butrick, W. M. Maneke and Martin Manning were drowned Sunday afternoon while bathing in the lake. The bodies of Yerrington, Butrick and Maneke have been recovered. Yerrington's wife was bathing with him when drowned.

Fon du Lac, Wis., Aug. 10.—William Burbank, aged 25 years, was drowned in Lake Winnebago Saturday evening. He attempted to jump from a dock onto a steamer and miscalculated the distance.

La Porte, Ind., Aug. 11.—Garland Travis and Will Way, aged 22 and 25, were drowned in the Kankakee river Saturday night. Travis fell overboard and, being powerless to help himself, Way attempted to save him, both finding watery graves.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Charles Johnson and Ed Schubel were capsized in a boat while sailing off Lincoln park Sunday afternoon. Both men were drowned and the body of neither has yet been recovered.

Milwaukee, Aug. 10.—William Einall, 16 years of age, was drowned in the lake at the foot of Ray street Sunday. The body of an unknown man was found at the foot of Locust street.

LYNCHED THREE.

Louisiana Mob Wreaks Its Vengeance on Italian Murderers.

New Orleans, Aug. 10.—Wednesday night last in St. Charles parish Jules Guymaud, a storekeeper, was assassinated while standing on his front porch. A Sicilian named Lorenzo Saladino was known to have a grudge against Guymaud and he was suspected. Circumstantial evidence caused his arrest on Friday. The sheriff had great difficulty in preventing the people from lynching Saladino then and there, and secretly conveyed the prisoner to Hahnville, the county seat, and placed him in jail. Two other Italians named Decino and Angelo Marcus were confined in the jail for the murder of an aged Spaniard on one of the plantations.

About midnight Sunday a mob of about 50 persons, well armed, surprised the guard, battered down the doors of the jail and took out the three Italians. The prisoners cried and begged for mercy but the crowd took them to a stable a short distance away, gave them two minutes in which to pray and then strung all three of them up by the necks to the rafters.

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The crowd stood around a few minutes until the bodies ceased to struggle, and then opened fire from their Winchester rifles on the dangling forms, literally riddling them with bullets. The news soon spread, and by daylight a big crowd gathered where the three bodies were yet hanging, dripping with the blood from their numerous bullet wounds and presenting a ghastly sight.

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THEY WILL RUN.

National Party Candidates Write Letters of Acceptance.

Alliance, O., Aug. 5.—The formal letters of acceptance of the national party candidates for president and vice president—Charles E. Bentley, of Lincoln, Neb., and James H. Southgate, of Durham, N. C.—was issued Tuesday from the national headquarters of the party in this city. Mr. Bentley says, in part:

"In formally accepting this nomination, fraught with equal honor and responsibility, I do so with an abiding faith in the justice of our cause and a confident trust in the wisdom of the national party in the formation of its platform and in its movement of reform. I am, in my opinion, rejoiced to see the masses, the determined purpose of the masses to free this nation from the domination of greed and restore it in purity and power to the people. In the platform adopted at Pittsburgh I find embodied in terse and unequivocal statements a magnificent and hearty declaration of its true principles and its first resolution for the suppression of the liquor traffic, the manufacture and sale of alcoholic beverages and for the regulation of or prohibition of the liquor traffic, the national party stands squarely for the destruction and extinction of the liquor traffic. A more emphatic and specific declaration for the suppression of the liquor traffic has never been made.

"The manufacture of distilled and fermented liquors is under the authority and immediate supervision of the federal government. In the importation and exportation of liquor and in the interstate commerce of the same the general government alone has full jurisdiction. The same District of Columbia and in all places under the control of the general government. The internal revenue system by which nearly one-third of the nation collects distilled and fermented liquors—still more strikingly the federal government's responsibility—and its complexity in the manufacture and sale of alcoholic beverages.

"The right of citizen suffrage, without distinction of sex, is a cardinal principle in our party faith. While expediency or expediency have either suppressed suffrage or restricted it, every other party platform but our own has the national party believes, and asserts its belief, that woman should have the same means of protecting herself, her home and her children's property and her happiness, by ballot that men have.

"No issue to-day enters more largely into the arena of public discussion and political controversy than that of finance. This issue has not been forced by any radical through the constitution, but is simply the disastrous culmination of financial methods that have dominated the government through a long series of years.

"The conditions imposed upon the nation by its creditors in funding the immense debt of the civil war have in themselves been the fruitful source of much evil legislation. These appear especially in interest obligations payable in coin to the bondholder as a favored creditor, in the purpose to make the bonded debt perpetual, and in the class legislation of the national banking system, whereby the government confers upon individuals or corporations the power to issue money, thus delegating to them a power which was expressly reserved for the general government. The national party insists that this constitutional prerogative of the federal government shall be maintained in the issue of all money, and without the intervention of any private citizen, corporation or banking institution."

"The legal quality of money, which stamps its usefulness upon the community, is conferred by the act of all the people, and what result arises from the issue of money should be for the benefit of the whole people and not a favored few. The same national credit that quickly issues, at a premium, interest-bearing bonds is amply sufficient as a basis for a non-interest government currency.

"The absolute money quality of the nation's currency, its gold, silver or paper, and its equal purchasing and paying power, must be asserted and maintained. The sovereign principle of currency issue involved in the legal-tender act, and affirmed by the supreme court of the United States, must not be lost nor compromised by any legislation that would establish standards of redemption one or more metals, and debase to a token currency all the rest of the circulating medium. The national party has a keen sense of the wrong inflicted upon the people and the debtor classes in the demeritization of silver and similar legislation designed to place the money scepter in the hands of private and corporate wealth.

"Bonds and other obligations made payable in coin should be liquidated according to the terms of the contract. For this purpose the money metals should have equal rights of coinage, and the ratio value that prevailed when the bulk of the debt was contracted ought in equity to be restored in settling the obligations. The asserted need of a national interest-bearing currency is only the cunning sophistry of the money power. Congressional legislation struck down silver and doubled the value of the gold dollar, thereby increasing the value in the orbit of commercial interest, and restoring and establishing the just relative value of the metals.

"The national party will accept no place in the sham battle on tariff, which is fought over again every four years between the republican and democratic parties. The difference between a Wilson and a McKinley tariff is simply one of detail and figures. Both are built to shield every powerful trust, and both levy a tax on what the people consume rather than on what they possess."

READ TO RUN AGAIN.

Portland, Me., Aug. 7.—Thomas B. Reed was on Thursday renominated by acclamation for congress by the republican convention of the First district. It is the tenth successive term for which Mr. Reed has been nominated. In a brief speech Mr. Reed explained why he believed in the gold standard.

PINGREE CHOSEN.

Michigan Republicans Nominate Him for Governor.

The Result Was Reached on the Fourth Ballot—The Rest of the Ticket Named—The Platform Unanimously Adopted.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Aug. 6.—The republican state convention assembled in Lockerby hall Wednesday and was called to order shortly after 11 a. m. by Chairman Ferry, of the state central committee. Hon. Victor M. Gose, of Benton Harbor, was introduced as temporary chairman, and delivered a brief address. His allusions to McKinley provoked a whirlwind of applause. The points he made on the money question were also applauded.

The convention then adjourned until evening, when State Treasurer Wilkinson presented the following report from the committee on platform, which was unanimously adopted:

The Resolutions. "We declare our continued allegiance to the republican party, which now as heretofore stands for the upholding of law and order, the encouragement and protection of the commerce of our country, its industries, its labor, its farms and its fisheries, the development of its resources, the maintenance of its credit, and the defense of its honor among the nations of the world."

"We accept and indorse the platform of the national republican convention of 1896, at St. Louis, and we call upon all loyal citizens of the republic to unite in its support."

"We denounce the so-called democratic national platform recently adopted at Chicago for its insults to our courts and our judges, for its pandering to disorder and mob violence, for its sympathy with anarchism, for its proposal to repudiate public and private debts, and for its intention to substitute silver monometallism in place of the wise and liberal policy and practice of the republican party, which has been and is the use of gold, silver and paper as the currency of the nation."

"We congratulate the party upon the eminently wise and satisfactory selection of standard bearers in the present national campaign. We zealously emphasize our fealty to that distinguished American statesman, William McKinley, who best embodies those patriotic and progressive expressions of economic purposes, protection, reciprocity and honest money, and our equally unreserved confidence in the ability and fitness of the candidate for vice president, Garrett A. Hobart."

"With this statement of our political creed, and recalling to your remembrance the able, faithful and economical manner in which the republican party has, through its executives in the past, administered the domestic affairs of this state, we frankly invite inspection of its record, challenging criticism of its control of public business. We indorse the administration of our honored executive, Gov. John T. Rich, whose fearless and vigorous fidelity is heartily commended. We favor the strictest economy in all state departments."

"We pledge our earnest cooperation in carrying out the will of this convention as shall be expressed in its choice of candidates for the various state offices, and submit our cause to the voters, confident of victory in November."

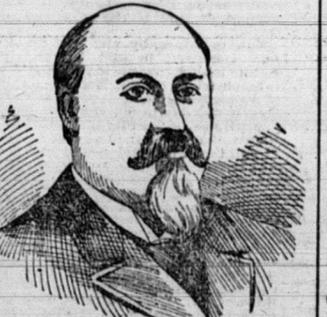
Candidates for Governor. Speeches for nomination of candidates for governor was the next order of the business and James O'Donnell, of Jackson; A. T. Bliss, of Saginaw; H. A. Conant, of Monroe; D. D. Aitken, of Flint; A. O. Wheeler, of Manistee, and Mayor H. S. Pingree, of Detroit, were placed in nomination.

After the conclusion of the nominating speeches the convention adjourned until nine o'clock this morning.

PINGREE NOMINATED.

He Is the Republican Candidate for Governor in Michigan.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Aug. 7.—Notwithstanding the continued heat and humidity, Lockerby hall was again packed with delegates and spectators when Chairman Giddings rapped the



MAYOR PINGREE, OF DETROIT.

Republican convention to order at 9:30 o'clock Thursday morning for its second day's session.

The St. Clair delegation question was first taken up and the convention by a viva voce vote sustained its action of Wednesday night in seating each contesting delegation, giving each delegate half a vote.

Benton Hanchett, of Saginaw, a Bliss adherent, appealed from the ruling of the chair on the question, but the convention, by an overwhelming vote, laid the appeal on the table. This emphasized Mayor Pingree's victory of Wednesday night, and his adherents received the result of the vote with much applause.

Delegates then took the floor to second the nomination of the different candidates.

Result of the Balloting.

The recording speeches occupied nearly an hour, and at 10:45 a roll call was ordered for the nomination for governor.

First ballot: Pingree, 239; Bliss, 286; O'Donnell, 83; Wheeler, 47; Aitken, 55; Conant, 22. Second ballot: Pingree, 358; Bliss, 293; O'Donnell, 78; Aitken, 49; Wheeler, 24; Conant, 17. Necessary to choice, 417. The third ballot was taken amid much excitement. There were many changes,

and when the ballot was finally announced Pingree lacked only 12 votes of a nomination. The official ballot was: Pingree, 465; Bliss, 308; O'Donnell, 89; Aitken, 17; Wheeler, 14; Conant, 5.

Pingree Nominated on Fourth Ballot.

The results of the fourth ballot were: Pingree, 449; Bliss, 290; O'Donnell, 75; Aitken, 17; Conant, 2. Pingree's nomination was then made unanimous. A great demonstration followed the announcement of the nomination of Mayor Pingree, which was led by his adherents.

After the convention had calmed down a motion to adjourn until four o'clock was put and declared carried and the convention adjourned.

Rest of the Ticket.

When the convention reassembled at four o'clock the balance of the state ticket was completed as follows: Lieutenant governor, Thomas B. Dunstan, of Marquette; secretary of state, Rev. Washington Gardner, of Lansing; state treasurer, George A. Steele, of St. Johns; auditor-general, Roscoe D. Dix, of Benton Harbor; attorney-general, Fred A. Maynard, of Grand Rapids; state superintendent of land office, W. A. French, of Presque Isle; state superintendent of public instruction, J. E. Hammond, of Charlotte; member of state board of education, J. W. Simmons, of Owosso. The convention adjourned sine die.

COURTIERS WHO WERE LUCKY.

Anecdotes of People Who Had Influence with European Potentates.

There are several very interesting illustrations on record of the manner in which the subjects of royalty have leaped into wealth and preferment through their diplomatic and self-sacrificing conduct in shouldering the errors of their royal superiors. Even Napoleon I. may be said to have been the object of devotion of this kind. Thus, he was a miserable shot, a shortcoming shared by his nephew and successor, Napoleon III. One day the imperial party was out after pheasants in the forest of Fontainebleau, when the emperor fired at a pheasant in such a careless manner that he hit Marshal Massena, completely destroying the sight of one eye.

There could be no doubt as to the person responsible for this accident, as the emperor alone had discharged his fowling-piece, which was aimed in the direction of Massena; yet the latter, with astonishing presence of mind, turned round and soundly rated Marshal Berthier, who had been standing behind him, as the cause of his misfortune, and the latter at once accepted the blame, and appeared overcome with remorse at the result of his clumsiness. Everyone understood the meaning of the little incident, but no one dared to say a word. Napoleon was so grateful both to Massena and Berthier for thus shielding him that he conferred upon these clever and loyal courtiers a profusion of honors and dignities.

One of the grandest houses of the Austrian nobility is indebted for its princely dignity to a similar piece of the courtier-like loyalty performed by one of its members during the reign of Empress Maria Theresa. That august lady, during the midst of some function, had had the misfortune to hicough in a peculiarly loud and aggressive manner, not altogether in keeping with the laws of polite society, but which in Japan and other oriental countries would, of course, have been regarded as a piece of lofty breeding.

Perceiving that her majesty showed traces of embarrassment a young Austrian nobleman stepped forward, and with a most clever assumption of intense mortification and humility craved her majesty's pardon for his gross breach of manners. The empress received his apologies graciously, and with secret gratitude, and from that time forth the young man's fortune was made; before the empress died he had been promoted not only to the rank of count, but also to that of prince, besides being generously endowed by his imperial benefactress with means to support his titles.

Another instance of loyalty to the sovereign will, it is feared, hardly find favor in the sight of the ladies. Grand Duchess Olga of Russia fell violently in love with a handsome young guardsman of the name of Prince Bariatinski, who reciprocated her affection, as she was a beautiful woman. At length she secretly informed her lover that she could bear no longer the thought of being separated from him, and insisted that he should fly with her to foreign lands, where they could be married without any hindrance on the part of her father, the czar.

The prince hesitated, his heart torn by the sentiments of love conflicting with those of his loyalty toward her father. And it was the latter which prevailed. For the prince went to the emperor and made a clean breast of the whole affair, casting himself at the feet of his majesty, and imploring his pardon for having dared to raise his eyes to the grand duchess.

Emperor Nicholas showed himself very grateful, for, although the prince was sent off the same day to the Caucasus, he was loaded with honors and dignities, and may be said to have founded the fortunes of his family. The grand duchess was shortly afterward married, much against her will, to the exceedingly unprepossessing prince of Wurtemberg, who left what is perhaps the most unsavory record of any European monarch in modern times.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

The Garden South.

The South is destined to be, and is rapidly becoming, the garden of the United States. Here life is easier to live, the rigorous winters do not eat up the fruits of the toil of summer, nor are the summers so trying as many northern people have supposed. "I mean to live only half the year," said a northern farmer recently settled in the south, "and I used to work all the time then. Now I work half the time and live all the year through."

Home seekers' excursion tickets will be sold over the Monon Route to nearly all points in the south at the rate of one first class fare (one way); tickets good returning on any Tuesday or Friday within 81 days from date of sale. Liberal stopovers are allowed. These excursions start (and tickets are sold) Aug. 17, 18 and 31; Sept. 1, 14, 15; Oct. 5, 6, 19 and 20. Call on any agent of the Monon Route for further information, or address FRANK J. REED, G. P. A., Chicago.

JOHNNY—"May I wake the baby, mamma?" Mamma—"Why do you want to wake the baby?" Johnny—"So's I can play on my drum."—Woonsocket Patriot.

Home-seekers' Excursions South.

On the 15th and 16th of June, also July 6, 7, 20 and 21st and several dates during August, September and October, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois R. R. will sell first class round trip tickets, good 31 days from date of sale, for one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip, to all points in Florida and the South. Tracks, trains, time, all the best. For further information address C. W. Humphrey, N. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. City Ticket Office, 182 Clark St., or C. L. Stone, G. P. & T. A., Chicago.

"AN" so O'Flannigan was sint up fer loife, ye sez?" "Yis, but his friends do be thryin' to get his sintuce redooed tin yeans."—Life.

If Pestered Day and Night

With nervousness, take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which invigorates and tranquilizes the nervous system. The basis of recovery is a reform in errors of digestion. The epigastric nerve and brain are united in the closest bond of sympathy, so that dyspeptic symptoms in the gastric region are always accompanied by hurtful reflex nervous action. Both are remedied by the Bitters, which also cures malaria, biliousness, rheumatism and kidney trouble.

"THAT child cried for an hour this afternoon." "Why didn't you give it to him?" asked the absent-minded father.—Detroit Free Press.

\$8.00 Chicago to St. Paul and Return.

On account of the G. A. R. Encampment The North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western Railway) will, on August 31 and September 1, 1896, sell excursion tickets from Chicago to St. Paul and return at rate of \$8.00 for the round trip, good for return passage until September 15, with privilege of further extension to September 30, 1896. For tickets and full information apply to agents of connecting lines, or address W. B. KNISKERN, G. P. & T. A., Chicago, Ill.

DR. JALAP—"Let me see your tongue, please." Patient—"O, doctor, no tongue can tell how bad I feel."—Boston Transcript.

Cheap Excursions to the West and Northwest.

On August 4, 18, September 1, 15, 29, October 6 and 20, 1896, The North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western R'y) will sell Home Seekers' excursion tickets at very low rates to a large number of points in the West and Northwest. For full information apply to ticket agents of connecting lines or address W. B. KNISKERN, G. P. & T. A., Chicago, Ill.

FOREIGN—"I thought her husband was French." "Oh, no. Broken English."—Detroit Tribune.

Low Rate Excursions South.

On the first and third Tuesday of each month till October about half-rates for round trip will be made to points in the South by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he cannot sell you excursion tickets write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., or J. K. Riogay, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

"With all thy faults, I love thee still," as the husband said to his scolding wife.—J. D. F. W.

We think Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs.—JENNIE PINCKARD, Springfield, Ills., Oct. 1, 1894.

"THEY say Barrows has writer's cramp." "Well, I don't wonder, considering the literature he feeds on."—Harper's Bazar.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

Most of us know a good thing when someone else has it.—Life.

HIS Devotion—"Why do you think Mr. Mortimer is in love with you, Madam?" "He sits for hours and lets mamma talk to him about her ailments."—Chicago Record.

PROFESSOR (angrily)—"Young man, you are better fed than taught." Scholar—"Quite right, sir. My father feeds me."—Brooklyn Life.

"THAT minister is the most absent-minded man! I look him through a hospital ward yesterday where all the patients happened to be asleep." "What did he do?" "Forgot himself and began to deliver a sermon."—N. Y. Herald.

"KITTY, don't you think men are awfully smart to understand politics as they do?" "Why, men aren't smart at all. I never saw one yet who knew what 'cut bias' meant."—Chicago Record.

SUMMER GUEST—"The mosquitoes were terribly bad last night. Look at my face." Jersey Landlord (reassuringly)—"O, there's no mosquitoes here, sir—none worth mentioning. Them's bugs."—N. Y. Weekly.

RAXMORE—"You were out when I called at your office the other day." Gadson—"Was I? Why didn't you leave word?" Raxmore—"I did; I told your office boy." Gadson—"Do you call that leaving word?"—Roxbury Gazette.

"I BELIEVE," said the candidate, "that my country calls me." "If you are alludin' ter that noise you hearn just now," said the old farmer, "you air somewhat mistook. Hit wur nuthin' but the ole mule a-brayin' in the lot."—Atlanta Constitution.

BARGAIN COUNTER FINANCE.—"Mrs. Flighly, don't you think every dollar's worth ought to be worth a dollar?" "Yes, if one is selling; but when one is buying one should always expect to get a dollar's worth for 98 cents."—Chicago Record.

It is an indiscreet and troublesome ambition that cares so much about fame; about what the world says of us; to be always looking in the faces of others for approval; to be always anxious about the effect of what we do or say; to be always shouting to hear the echoes of our own voices.—Longfellow.

Our I's and Other Eyes.

Our I's are just as strong as they were fifty years ago, when we have cause to use them. But we have less and less cause to praise ourselves, since others do the praising, and we are more than willing for you to see us through other eyes. This is how we look to S. F. Boyce, wholesale and retail druggist, Duluth, Minn., who after a quarter of a century of observation writes:

"I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla for more than 25 years, both at wholesale and retail, and have never heard anything but words of praise from my customers; not a single complaint has ever reached me. I believe Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier that has been introduced to the general public." This, from a man who has sold thousands of dozens of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is strong testimony. But it only echoes popular sentiment the world over, which has "Nothing but words of praise for Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

Any doubt about it? Send for the "Carebook." It kills doubts and cures doubters. Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.



"Cut Down Expenses."

Battle Ax PLUG

A woman knows what a bargain really is. She knows better than a man. "BATTLE AX" is selected every time by wives who buy tobacco for their husbands. They select it because it is an honest bargain. It is the biggest in size, the smallest in price, and the best in quality. The 5 cent piece is almost as large as the 10 cent piece of other high grade brands.

Advertisement for Aermotor Company, featuring a windmill illustration and text: 'IF SILVER WINS... Aermotor Company... Chicago, San Francisco, Cal.; Ft. Worth, San Antonio, Tex.; Lincoln, Neb.; Kansas City, Mo.; Sioux City, Dubuque, Davenport, Des Moines, Ia.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Toledo, O.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Peoria, Ill.; Detroit, Mich.; Buffalo, N.Y.; New York City; Boston, Mass.; Baltimore, Md.'

Advertisement for Home-Seekers, Look! THE GRAND PRAIRIE OF ARKANSAS, LYING ON BOTH SIDES OF THE LITTLE ROCK & MEMPHIS RAILROAD, and extending along its tracks for miles—offers special inducements to home-seekers. The best pasturage, the richest cereal lands and finest farming country in THE NEW SOUTH.

Advertisement for DROPSY, Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousands of cases. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEN DAYS TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga. SEND NAME THIS PAPER over this you will.

Advertisement for PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, AGENTS, STREETMEN and BOYS, TO sell this medicine and try an experiment. BARGAIN & COMPANY, Publishers, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Advertisement for STEADY WORK, WE PAY CASH WEEKLY and want men everywhere to SELL STARK TREES. Lately best SHREDDED ONIONS, new system. STARK BROTHERS, LUTHERANA, MO., ROCKPORT, ILL.

Advertisement for EFFECTS OF A SMILE: YUCATAN KILLS IT, OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. H. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga. A. N. K.—A 1617

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FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of **\$45,000,000.**

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect June 21st, 1896.
90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

Detroit Night Express.....5:10 A. M.
Atlantic Express.....7:02 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....10:35 A. M.
Mail and Express.....3:15 P. M.

GOING WEST.

Mail and Express.....9:12 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express.....10:35 P. M.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896:
Jan. 28; Feb. 25; Mar. 24; April 21; May 26; June 23; July 21; Aug. 18; Sept. 15; Oct. 20; Nov. 17; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 15. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.



For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

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Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington. Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with list of names in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address, **C.A. SNOW & CO.** OFF. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

European Letter.

Rome, Italy, July 10, 1896.—The first question asked by your friends when you return to America from Rome is: "Have you seen the Pope?" They seem to have an idea that the head of the church is on exhibition, as it were, and that the private apartments of the Vatican are as accessible as any of the museums or galleries of Rome, much with the same feeling as one of our compatriots, who walked with naive confidence into the Royal Palace of Belgium and inquired if the king was in. Now, there is no special difficulty about seeing the crowned heads of Europe. Anyone who lingers long enough on Unter den Linden, or in St. James' Park, or on the Pincian Hill, is sure to have the satisfaction of saying that their own eyes have rested on royalty. But more formality doth doth hedge the Pope, especially since the loss of his temporal power. Comparatively few persons can boast of having seen him, except in the distance in St. Peter's, which is so large that even across the choir one can hardly distinguish another's features. He practically never drives out; his walks are confined to the park; his little domain (now restricted to the Lateran and Vatican) is jealously watched by the Swiss guards, of famous memory and fantastic uniform; and no Italian soldier or officer is allowed to enter. He no longer at Easter delivers the benediction to the reverential multitude from the Loggia of St. Peter's. It would baffle the resources of even an enterprising American reporter to obtain an interview with him. Cards of admission to his presence are obtained only by the use of whole bolts of red tape. Especially strict are they in respect to the gentler sex—which has been regarded as a menace to the race since Eve's indiscretion.

So I considered it a great privilege to receive a permit to witness a ceremony in the Sistine Chapel. The card contained a footnote stating that ladies must wear black, with veils or scarfs on their heads. The chapel was full at the appointed hour. The Pontifex Maximus was carried in by eight red-robed attendants. He was dressed entirely in white, except a scarlet ermine-bordered mantle that was thrown over his shoulders. His alabaster-like face was nearly as colorless as the long silken draperies. Only the eyes shone with vivacity and animation, following the tremulous motion of his hand from right to left as he blessed the kneeling spectators. He conducted the mass, his feeble voice reaching only those nearest the altar. At the elevation of the host the Swiss guards and other papal soldiers presented arms before kneeling.

After the ceremony His Holiness seated himself with his back to the altar and allowed those present to advance and kiss the marvelous sapphire ring that he wears on the middle finger of his right hand. The sight of this shadow of a priest raising his transparent hands in benediction, while Michael Angelo's menacing figures stood out behind and above him, almost as life-like as himself, was worth remembering.

Let us visit the miles of parking which comprise the beautiful Villa Borghese grounds. It is just outside the old Porta del Popolo, which was designed by Michael Angelo, and is the favorite resort of the Romans. But alas! In summer, when it is loveliest, you dare not linger there, lest "deadly fever walk with you, arm in arm, down the enchanting avenues, and death await you at the end of the vista." In short, it is malarious. Here Donatella, giving way to his wild instincts, swung himself down from a tree in front of Miriam.

Instead of the throng of gay dancers, the "contadinas," the "plebeian damsels" from the Campagna, the French soldiers and German artists, who joined Miriam and Donatello in merry-making, to-day we meet representatives of every phase of Roman life. The well-to-do in their fine carriages, the peasant with the marks of toil on his clothes; English and American tourists who had hired public cabs and were bent on appropriating two francs worth of beauty per hour; romping rosy-faced children, in perfect accord with nature; the Roman matron, who had laid aside her household cares with her apron for a half hour of fresh air in the park; a procession of fifty little orphan boys taking their daily walk and followed closely and eyed narrowly by three jealous priests. Finally, a crowd of young Benedictine monks stepped across the road, climbed a fence and went bounding up a green hill toward a grove of trees. They wore the loose flowing robes of their order, which are entirely white. There was no exception to the invariable beauty of white as it appeared on these young monks. In fact, their ruddy faces furnished just the needed contrast. For I have never seen a finer set of young men. They looked more like a college crew team, and like the swarthy young fellows we see on our base ball grounds, than like a body of

young men who had renounced the world, whose lives were sealed with the most sacred vows. Bareheaded, barefooted, they must go through the world, telling their beads and devoting many hours to meditation and prayer.

Items Gleaned from the Lumber District.

People who used to buy tile and lumber of the old-time 500 per centers, and mortgage their farm to pay the bill, will be glad to learn that The Glazier Stove Co. have made a big hole in the old-time prices, by not charging for the holes in the tile.

The best Marblehead Kelley Island lime, 59 cents per barrel, of the Glazier Stove Co.

The Glazier Stove Co. will make prices on coal this season that will make the old-time 500 per center kick worse than ever, and make him think of the "Kold Winters" of the past—KOLD, extremely Kold for the people who helped him pocket a cool five thousand dollars profit on KOAL each season.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling good roof boards at \$7.50 per thousand.

Shingles, all grades at prices which make the old-time 500 per center kick and long for a return of the good old days, when 500 per cent (payable in wheat, wool or mortgage) was pocketed with ease.

Water lime, the very best, in bushel bags, 19 cents, of the Glazier Stove Co. What have you been paying for it?

You would never have been compelled to place that mortgage upon your farm if you had always been able to buy lumber, tile, coal and builders' supplies at the rate of profit at which The Glazier Stove Co. are now selling this line of goods.

Good bevel siding, \$8.00 per thousand, of the Glazier Stove Co. 500 per centers' old-time price \$40.00 for the same stock.

Tile at right prices of the The Glazier Stove Co. No charge for the holes.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling first-class white pine boards at \$10.00 per thousand. You paid 500 per cent \$40.00 for the same thing many a time before we punctured his balloon with our underbuy, undersell prices.

Wedding Prophecies.

Considerable interest is always manifested in weddings and brides and grooms and other things pertaining thereto. Consequently the following old time prophecies concerning each month's brides and grooms will be quite appropriate. The prediction for the husbands is couched in sober prose, but that of the brides, as a tribute to women's inborn love of grace and beauty, is in rhyme. Not many of the months have good prophecies for both husband and wife, but it is generally conceded that in marriage, as in other contracts, one has to get the worst of it.

WHEN SHALL HE WED?

A January bride will be a prudent housewife and good tempered.
A February bride will be a humane and affectionate wife and tender mother.
A March bride will be a frivolous chatterbox, not very intelligent, but likely to be good looking.
An April bride will be handsome, amiable and likely to be happy.
A June bride will be impetuous and generous.
A July bride will be handsome and smart, but quick tempered.
An August bride will be amiable and practical.
A September bride will be discreet, affable and much liked.
An October bride will be pretty, coquettish and jealous.
A November bride will be liberal and kind, but of a mild disposition.
A December bride will be well proportioned, fond of novelty, entertaining, but extravagant.

WHEN SHALL SHE WED?

A January husband will love no one but you.
A February husband will be blest with shekels few.
A husband wed in March storms something like March winds.
An April husband's quite changeable you'll find.
A husband wed in May is handsome but not wise.
A husband wed in June is bound in fame to rise.
A July husband's gift is more of wealth than sense.
An August husband's knowledge is something quite immense.
September's grooms are said to care for eating joys.
October's grooms bring happiness without alloys.
A November husband's love grows sometimes rather cold.
December's husband brings both faithfulness and gold.

Special Ordinance No. 17.

A SPECIAL ORDINANCE relative to the construction of sidewalks on the west side of Congdon street, on the west side of Main street, on the north side of Orchard street, in the Village of Chelsea. The Village of Chelsea ordains:

SECTION 1. It is hereby ordered that one hundred and ninety-eight feet in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the west side of Congdon street, in front of the lands and premises of Geo. Mast, more particularly known and described as lots one and two and three of block five, J. M. Congdon's second addition to said village, the same to be constructed of the material hereinafter specified.

SEC. 2. It is further ordered that one hundred and thirty-three feet in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the west side of Main street, in front of the lands and premises of Helen Thomas, more particularly described as lots three and four of block one, J. M. Congdon's third addition to said village, the same to be constructed of the materials hereinafter specified.

SEC. 3. It is further ordered that one hundred and thirty-five feet six inches in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the north side of Orchard street, in front of the lands and premises of Timothy McKune, more particularly described as follows, viz: Bounded on the west by Main street, on the south by Orchard street, on the east by Wm. Bacon's homestead, and on the north by Timothy McKune's lands; the same to be constructed of the material herein specified.

SEC. 4. It is further ordered that eighty-three feet and six inches in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the west side of Main street, in front of the land and premises occupied by John P. Foster as a homestead, more particularly described as follows, viz: Bounded on the east by Main street, on the west by east line of block six, J. M. Congdon's second addition, on the north by Adelia Thatcher's land, and on the south by Herman Helmrich's land; the same to be constructed of the material hereinafter specified.

SEC. 5. It is further ordered that one hundred and twenty-three feet and six inches in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the north side of Van Buren street, in front of the lands of Jacob Schumacher, more particularly described as follows, viz: Lot four of block seventeen, Elisha Congdon's third addition to said village; the same to be constructed of the material hereinafter specified.

SEC. 6. It is further ordered that sixty-six feet in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the north side of Van Buren street, in front of the lands of Frank Staffan, more particularly described as follows, viz: Lot six of block seventeen, Elisha Congdon's third addition to said village; the same to be constructed of the material hereinafter specified.

SEC. 7. It is further ordered that sixty-six feet in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the north side of Van Buren street, in front of the lands of Valida Staffan, more particularly described as follows, viz: Lot eight of block seventeen, Elisha Congdon's third addition to said village, the same to be constructed of the material hereinafter specified.

SEC. 8. It is hereby further ordered that all said sidewalks shall be made of sound plank, at least one inch in thickness and not exceeding six inches in width, to have four stringers at least 2x4 inches in size and each plank nailed with at least two suitable nails to each stringer, the two outside stringers to be within two inches of the outside end, all plank to be laid crosswise except at such points where teams are to cross the same, and of the width heretofore set forth, and the time allowed to the respective owners of said lands and premises to construct and lay the same shall be forty days from and after the publication of this special ordinance and of the notice required in section 4 of General Ordinance No. 7 of said village. The above shall be obligatory and in full force, unless the owners of said frontage where walks described herein to be built shall elect to build the same of artificial stone under the direction and by the approval of the Street Committee, that they may receive a rebate from said village of two and one-half cents per square foot, as heretofore made and provided for, in which latter case they be allowed twenty additional days for the building of said walk.

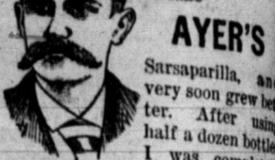
SEC. 9. Said sidewalks and the construction and the laying of the same, and the proceedings to be taken should said owner fail to construct and lay the same within the time herein limited, will be governed, constructed and laid under the provisions of General Ordinance No. 7 of the village of Chelsea, approved April 23, 1894, and the charter of said village.

SEC. 10. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force immediately after its publication.

Approved this 29th day of July, A. D. 1896.
W. P. SCHENK, President.
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S
Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.



Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Francis S. May, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased in the Township of Lyndon, in said County, on the 23rd day of October and on the 20th day of January next, at ten o'clock A. M., of each of said days to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated July 29th, 1896.
WILLIAM BABBITT, Commissioner.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. ss. At a session of the Probate Court in the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday the 20th day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of John McKone, deceased; JOHN McKone, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is prepared to render his final account as such executor. Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 18th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and settling such account, and that the several legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, said County, and show cause, if any they be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered that said executor give notice to all persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and published in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.]
WM. G. DUTY, Probate Register.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain mortgage made by George N. B. Henwick, of Salem, Washtenaw County, Michigan, to Johnson W. Knight, guardian of Minnie C. Henley, as Nina B. Henley, dated the 27th of September 1883, and recorded in the Register's office of Washtenaw County in Liber 62 of Mortgages, page 371, on the 29th day of September, 1884, at 3 o'clock p. m., which mortgage was duly assigned by said Johnson W. Knight to John Ann Dunn by deed of assignment dated respectively the 27th day of September, 1885, and the 9th day of June, 1896, and recorded in the Register's office in Liber 12 of Assignments of Mortgages, on pages 288 and 360, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of two thousand and eighty-four dollars (\$2,084), principal, interest and no proceeds at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the amount of said mortgage or any portion thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and in the statute in such case made and provided for, it is hereby given that on Monday, the 14th day of September next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for said County is held), will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of said mortgage and the costs of this foreclosure. The premises to be sold as aforesaid are described as follows: The east half of the west half of the southwest quarter of section 28, also the east half of the west half of the northeast quarter of section 29, and all of that part of the east half of the west half of the southeast quarter of section 29 lying north of the territorial road so called, as it crosses said quarter section, containing one hundred acres of land, more or less, all in the township of Salem, Washtenaw County, Michigan.

Dated June 16, 1896.
POLLY ANN DUNN, Assignee of Mortgage.
THOMPSON & HARRIMAN, Attorneys for Assignee.

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The modern standard Family Medicine Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.

R.P.A.N.S.